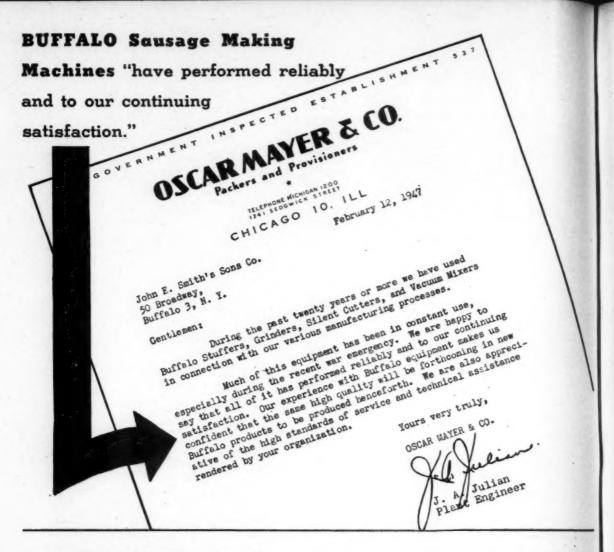
PROVISIONER

ending Publication in the Meat Packing and Allied Industries Since 1891

Sausage and specialty sales are increasing, but people are still letting their appetite be their guide. That's why packers and sausage manufacturers with foresight and a feeling-for-quality are the ones who are reaping the benefits of present demand.

How do they do it? By giving their hams, loaves, sausage and summer specialties real eye appeal, strong flavor appeal, and appetite-satisfying goodness. And it's a genuine pleasure to us to know Fearn customers, taking advantage of the flavor-building, qualityboosting power that naturally comes from using Fearn flavor builders and special materials, are enjoying sales that lead their rivals' in today's competitive market. Why not find out what Fearn can do for you?





YOUR very welcome and unsolicited letter, Mr. Julian, is indeed a fine commendation for BUFFALO Quality Sausage Making Machines. To make the high quality products produced by Oscar Mayer & Co. does require "quality" sausage making machines. To know that BUFFALO machinery has been in constant use during the last twenty years or

more and performing reliably and to your continuing satisfaction even during the recent war emergency, gratifies us too. Rest assured that the same high quality "will be forthcoming in new BUFFALO products to be produced henceforth" and that our high standards of service and technical assistance rendered to you and all BUFFALO users will be continued by our organization.

Buffalo

QUALITY SAUSAGE-MAKING MACHINES

| John E. Smith's Sons Co. - 50 Broadway, Buffalo 3, N. Y.

Sales and service offices in principal cities

Any Type of GRIFFITH Seasoning gives you Simplified "Flavor-Control"!

Dependable blending is actually the last, not the first, step in achieving flavorcontrol . . .

For one thing, the flavor-potency of individual spice materials naturally varies. Those fluctuations must be detected and adjusted, to give you flavor-control! . . .

And the foreign matter, so often present in natural spice, tends to disturb or spoil the

natural flavor. That danger must be eliminated, to give you flavor-control!

Griffith's skill in solving those problems before blending-evidenced by the reputation and position of the company, and its vast, well-staffed scientific facilities-assures you of flavor-control . . . simplified flavor-control in all three types of Griffith seasonings:



PURIFIED* GROUND SPICE

Top quality seasonings, laboratory-tested for flavor-potency .. treated by patented* Sterilization Process to kill foreign substances . . . scientifically blended . . . kitchen tested. In "batch-size" bags—for Simpli-fied Flavor-Control!



EMULSIFIED SEASONINGS

VES

Spice oils extracted from top quality spice . . . laboratory-tested for flavor-potency . . . scientifically blended and homogenized for highest degree of flavor dispersement . . . kitchen tested. In juga, easy to measure—for Simplified Flavor-conings described in "Food Research, 1943, Vol. 8, No. 2, pgs. 95-104.")



SOLUBLE SEASONINGS

Spice oils extracted from top quality spice . . . laboratory-tested for flavor-potency . . . scientifically blended and deposited on minute carrier-crystals . . . kitchen tested. Packaged "batch-size" — for Simplified Flavor-Control!

Assured this three-way safeguard of quality, pick the type of Griffith Seasoning best suited to your processing-for simplified flavor-control. Griffith scientists will work with you on special formulae or seasoning problems. Just write or call . . .

ARORATORIES

* U. S. Sterilization Patent Numbers 2107697, 2189947, and 2189949

ORCAGO 9, 1415 W. 37TH ST. • NEWARK 5, 37 EMPIRE ST. • LOS ANGELES 11, 49TH & GIFFORD STS. • TORONTO 2, 115 GEORGE ST.



petizing red pepper squares are crisp and firm, suitable for any meat formula. Send your order today-it pays. Use handy coupon. CANNON PEPPERS H. P. CANNON & SON, INC. Established 1881 - Incorporated 1911 BRIDGEVILLE DELAWARE Ship trial case (six-#10 tins) Cannon Diced Red Sweet Peppers. NAME _ TITLE _ COMPANY

ZONE_

STATE



150 HP

Table of Contents

AMI Denies Monopoly Charge11
Inspection Cost Shift Likely11
Reliable's 25th Anniversary12
Status of Subsidy Recapture11
Advertising Program of Institute14
Horse Meat Survey18
AMI Convention Shaping Up11
A Page for Operating Men27
June Processed Meats Output32
Up and Down the Meat Trail23
New Equipment and Supplies31
Poorer Hog Cutting Results38
Classified Advertising53

EDITORIAL STAFF

EDWARD R. SWEM, Editor . HELEN PERET, Associate Editor GREGORY PIETRASZEK, Associate Editor JEAN E. CLOHESEY, Associate Editor

Washington:

D. H. HOLMES, 719 11th St. N. W.

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ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT

Chicago: 407 S. Dearborn St. (5), Tel. Wabash 0742. HARVEY W. WERNECKE, Manager, Advertising Sales FRANK N. DAVIS H. SMITH WALLACE JOHN L. McGUIRE FRANK S. EASTER, Promotion and Research F. A. MacDONALD, Production Manager

New York: 740 Lexington Ave. (22), Tel. Plaza 5-3237, 5-3238 LILLIAN M. KNOELLER CHARLES W. REYNOLDS

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DAILY MARKET SERVICE

(Mail and Wire)

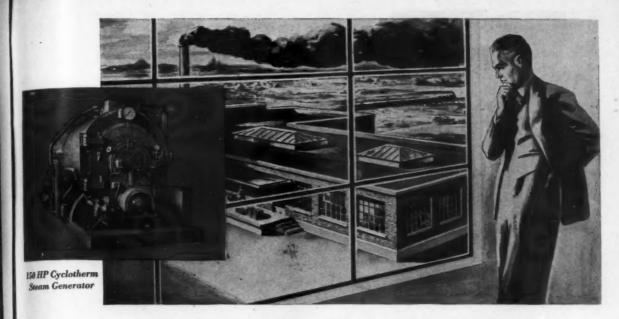
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CITY



Are you Beating Competition in cost of steam-if not

WRITE CYCLOTHERM

Flexibility in operating a single Cyclotherm, or a battery of several, meets all demands for maximum or minimum production of steam economically without impairment of operating efficiency.

The automatic modulating steam pressure control system of a Cyclotherm Steam Generator provides the proper quantitive fuel-air relationship for all firing rates, but with oil (or gas) and air pressures constant.

Such soundly economical efficiency

accounts for the steadily increasing purchases of Cyclotherms by both large and small producers of steam for processing, power and heating. These customers did not buy Cyclotherms with their eyes shut. They knew that the efficient production of steam is a profit-building factor in all competitive business fields.

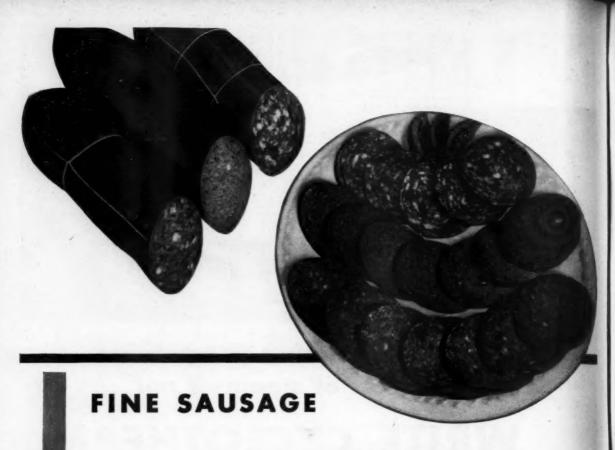
If you have a problem based on reducing operating or maintenance costs in steam production, write or telephone us. Your inquiry will receive our immediate attention.











deserves FINE CASINGS

In Wilson's Natural Super-Sewed Casings, highest requirements are met for uniformity of size, weight and shape. Super-sewing, a Wilson specialty, insures a uniformly smooth, plump, well filled appearance that is so important in all types of sausage.

GENERAL OFFICES



CHICAGO 9, ILL

In every way sausage is best in WILSON'S NATURAL CASINGS

YOUR MEATS WIN FAVOR THROUGH THEIR FLAVOR



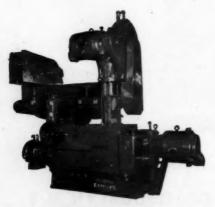
THE PRESERVALINE MANUFACTURING CO., BROOKLYN, N. Y.



PRESCO PRODUCTS

FOR THE SCIENTIFIC PROCESSING OF MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS





ANDERSON TWIN-MOTOR SUPER-DUO CRACKLING EXPELLER

• Selling "high-fat" cracklings produced by inefficient pressing equipment is like "selling the hide with the steer inside." In each case, it is giving away something of high value. The fact is, extra fat left in the cracklings doesn't bring you even a cent per pound. Crackling buyers don't want fat—they pay on a "per unit protein" basis—then why give income producing fat away?

Anderson Crackling Expellers* get more of that fat out so that you can sell it and get paid for it! If you have been giving your fat away, take steps toward getting better equipment—Expeller equipment. An Anderson Engineer will be glad to give you facts, figures, and approximate delivery dates.

THE V. D. ANDERSON COMPANY
1965 West 96th Street • Cleveland 2, Ohio

*Exclusive Trade Mark registered in U. S. Pat. Off. and in foreign countries.

Only ANDERSON makes EXPELLERS

PROPER

AIR DISTRIBUTION

with

(CONTROLLED REFRIGERATION SYSTEMS)

A GEBHARDT refrigeration system is complete in itself and does not require ducts or other equipment for air distribution. GEBHARDTS is a simple cooling unit that delivers the proper circulation without blowing and without the use of auxiliary equipment which might be breeding places for bacteria and mold. NOW — IMMEDIATE DELIVERY! Send today for the new Gebhardt catalog!

extra cost) to insure complete sanitation, deanliness "GEBHARDTS" are fabricated of Stainless Steel (at ne

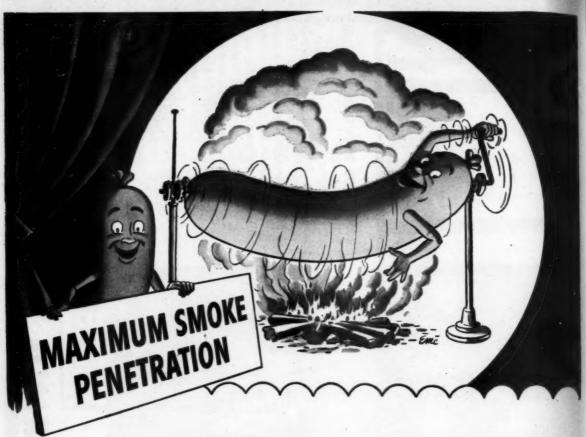
Notice the GEBHARDT equipment installed between the rails replacing a

bunker system in the beef cooler above.

and purity.

DVANCED ENGINEERING CORPORATIO

1967



Naturally, sausages have that tangy, smoke flavor in

Armour Natural Casings

The natural, evenly distributed porosity of Armour Natural Casings allows smoke to penetrate evenly, deeply, easily . . . gives sausages the delicious, zesty smoke flavor customers like.



Choose these fine natural casings to give sausages these important advantages:

Appetizing Appearance Inviting Tenderness
Finest Smoked Flavor
Protected Freshness Utmost Uniformity



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AMI DENIES PACKER MONOPOLY CHARGE BY CHIEF OF CIO UNION

The American Meat Institute this ak denied as "entirely misleading" barges that the major packing comes have formed a monopoly to mainin high and unreasonable meat prices. institute spokesmen pointed out that a stement issued earlier in the week by Ralph Helstein, president of the United Packinghouse Workers union (CIO), empletely "ignores facts and juggles fgures in comparing margins,"

The union head, adhering closely to the current UPWA policy of wooing farmer and avoiding conflict with the retailer, had asserted in a press reate that the wholesaler markup for beef charged by packers in May this year was 31 per cent higher than the increased prices paid to farmers for livestock and 12 per cent more than the pice increase charged by retailers, as compared with the previous year. In June, 1947, he claimed, the wholesale beef markup was 43 per cent higher than the increased prices to farmers and 19 per cent more than retail prices.

In rebutting these accusations the Institute brought to light a few oversights in the union's computations regarding profit margins. "A fact completely ignored," the AMI stated, "is that last May the government was paying subsidies at the rate of \$750,000,000 yearly; which subsidies had to be paid for by consumers in the form of taxes." On beef, subsidies ranged from 8 to 11c per pound for popular cuts at retail. These were paid, the AMI asserted, to ofset a roll-back in retail prices and were reflected back to the producers in livestock prices and incentives.

"Moreover," the AMI continued, "the fgures (Helstein's) with apparent deliberateness overlooked the fact that last May there was an extensive black market in beef and black market prices were reflected, in part, in the prices actually paid for cattle. However, black market prices were not reflected in wholesale meat prices reported by the government at that time."

The Institute emphasized, also, that since last May there have been substantial wage and cost increases.

CUDAHY SUBSIDY SUIT

The Cudahy Packing Co. has filed a complaint for declaratory judgment against the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in U. S. district court at Chiago in connection with \$39,363.91 in subsidy withheld by the RFC. The packer asks that the RFC be restrained m carrying out the procedure contained in Announcement 1 under Regulation 10 of the RFC.

CONGRESS AGREES ON INSPECTION COST SHIFT

Meat industry arguments against the Congressional move to impose the cost of federal meat inspection on inspected processors failed this week when the House conferees, backed up by another House vote in favor of the proposal, forced the Senate to accept the shift. The provision to pass along the cost of federal inspection to packers and processors is a part of the U.S. Department of Agriculture appropriations bill which will probably be approved by Congress and signed by the President in the very near future.

The Meat Industry Division said this week that it would not release official regulations on the new method of handling inspection costs until the President has signed the appropriations bill. The division reported that to date the rule has not resulted in any abandonment of inspection by industry firms. Applications for inspection are being received in the normal manner.

PACKER PLANS VARY ON FILING STOCKS REPORT

The American Meat Institute reported this week that it appears that companies not in a position to file by July 31 the form for reporting inventory in connection with subsidy recapture will: 1) ask for an extension properly qualified to protect their legal rights, or 2) apply for a temporary restraining order or an agreement with RFC permitting them to delay the filing of the form for an indefinite periodperhaps until a test case has been de-

A number of packers plan to file the form by July 31, 1947 under protest and reserving all legal rights. On the other hand, many other companies may ask for an extension of time for filing, or may follow some other procedure counseled by their attorney. Circumstances vary widely, but it is important that each company make sure that it does not forfeit any of its legal rights, either by failing to take any action or by failure to protect itself adequately in whatever procedure it does follow in filing the reports.

The RFC has rejected a request by the Institute for a blanket extension of time in which to file the "subsidy recapture" inventory form. However, the RFC has granted some companies, including some of those who have filed suits in federal district courts, extensions of time for filing the inventory forms, beyond July 31, 1947. In the case of some companies filing suits in court,

Institute Meeting to Consider Vital Livestock Problems

HE American Meat Institute committee in charge of the program for the forty-second annual meeting has announced a comprehensive livestock session covering all phases of production and marketing problems. It will be held on the second afternoon of the threeday meeting, to be held September 2, 3 and 4 at the Palmer House in Chicago.

Charles B. Shuman, president of the Illinois Agricultural Association, who operates a 500-acre beef cattle and hog farm, will present the farmer's thinking and views-particularly in connection with problems of production and marketing of livestock.

Dr. W. A. Craft, director of the United States Department of Agriculture regional swine breeding laboratory at Ames, Ia., in a talk on "Research in Hog Breeding and Market Types," will summarize work instituted nationally to develop a hog which grows more rapidly and economically, is prolific, rugged and which will produce a high-yielding carcass with a maximum of lean meat.

W. D. Farr, one of the third generation of cattle and lamb feeding pioneers in the Colorado and Nebraska feeding areas, will discuss "Cattle and Lamb Feeding Changes." Mr. Farr will point out that with the increase in wheatfield feeding of lambs, and the subsequent reduction of feedlot operations in Colorado and Nebraska and other feeding areas in the West, a shift in production of fat lambs is taking place. He will also cite the concentrated cattle feeding operations, changing techniques and other factors as increasing evidence that the production of fat cattle is undergoing a gradual transition.

Factors affecting livestock supplies in 1948 and estimates concerning the probable per capita meat consumption for next year will be discussed by R. J. Eggert, associate director of the department of marketing of the AMI.

the extension of time granted for filing the form is 30 days following the decision of the federal court in which the case is tried. In some other cases, extensions to October 31, 1947, have been granted, without signing away or jeopardizing any legal rights.

The RFC states that extensions will be granted to any company, upon written request, and that, even a protest statement protecting the company's legal rights will be no bar to the granting of an extension.



RELIABLE MEN AND MACHINES

1-Water softening unit for boiler fa water; 2-Niagara Duo-Pass con which replaced wooden tower, be spected by R. W. Unwin, plant at tendent; 3-Earl Thompson, president John Thompson, vice president; 5. boiler with center oil blower and tw burners for low rate off-season a John Dillmartin, shift engineer, d on two GM diesels which generate 7-Ray Hanks supervises operation of tor to feed Harrington carton and d lard filling setup; 8-Smoked meat has room; 9-Felix Gehrmann, vice pre 10-John Strasser, oldest employe; 11-0-Fleming, treasurer, Crosley Brownson, p. chasing, and Ivan Jacobsen, secreta

Reliable Builds on Old Workers, New Ideas

Pagerness to experiment and learn, as well as willingness to recognize and advance merit within its own organization, are characteristics of the Reliable Packing Co. of Chicago and its management and explain, in part, how the firm has been able to build to its present position on its twenty-fifth anniversary.

From its beginning in June, 1922, as a small custom slaughtering establishment the firm has progressively expanded its activities. At the start it killed hogs and reclaimed nothing except the carcass whereas, 25 years later, its operations include curing, smoking, canning, sausage production, edible and inedible rendering and casing and hair reclamation. Moreover, the current range of activities is not the limit for the company is investigating the possibilities for greater utilization of hog products and by-products.

The firm was founded on June 17, 1922, when two Chicago livestock commission men—Earl Thompson and Felix Gehrmann—decided to enter the custom slaughtering business. The plant they acquired was a three-lot, one-floor building flanked by a tin shop and a garage. Most operations were performed manually and capacity was only 50 hogs per day.

A Significant Decision

Thompson, who took on responsibility for the plant's operation, and Gehrmann, who had the job of obtaining the financial-aid necessary for the plant's growth, made a significant decision early in operations. They decided that any equipment which would pay for itself within a reasonable time should be installed so that the firm could turn out better products at lower cost.

Today, with a kill of 275 head per hour, the company makes maximum use of machinery in its slaughtering and processing operations. Two major departments—hog killing and cutting—will soon be re-equipped.

Another of the basic decisions made early by the management was to set up a progressive personnel program. From PRESENT AND ORIGINAL PLANT

Above is the present plant of the Reliable company which covers a quarter square block and is four stories high. A major addition was made in 1937 and a progressive program of modernization has been in effect for a number of years. The picture at right shows the plant prior to the addition.



the beginning it was decided to recruit employes from the neighborhood and to tie in the advancement of the company with that of the neighbors. Furthermore, it was decided to develop all supervisory and management personnel within the company. As a result of this program, at no time has the firm been compelled to go outside its own ranks to man its policy-making positions.

Taking the long view, the firm under Thompson's direction began in 1926 to hire young high school graduates and to upgrade them as they demonstrated capability. This policy has resulted in a highly stable and productive working force with 30 per cent having service records greater than 15 years and an average service record for all employes of 8.8 years.

Thompson states that it has always been Reliable policy to provide security for its employes to the limit of the company's ability. In departments such as kill and cut, the management believes that the experience of older workers more than offsets the slower tempo at which they may work.

It is the company's policy to encourage its departmental foremen to suggest improvements. To broaden their knowledge of methods the foremen are encouraged to visit other packing plants. The company is willing to exchange information on operating problems with other packers.

Until recently the firm was not in a

position to finance an employe retirement plan and, in view of the failure of some employe contribution plans, it was not felt desirable to urge auch a program against the expressed reluctance of the staff. In 1942 the company decided it was in a position to contribute to an employe pension fund. At the present time the pension fund consists of \$200,000, contributed solely by the company, which is administered by a board of directors independent management.

Maintains Own Laboratory

It is indicative of the firm's progressiveness that it has recently established a laboratory manned by a full time chemical technician. Not only is the laboratory equipped to perform routine analyses on lard, by-products, cannot meats, etc., and to maintain quality extrol over the firm's products, but it was also be used in various production are periments. One such project—on quick frozen pork chops and steaks—was recently tabled after thorough tests.

One of the plant departments which has recently undergone modification has been the boiler room. In common with many urban plants, where space is restricted, the plant installed a new L Keeler 250 h.p. boiler. This was completely fabricated at the plant and had to be swung in through a knocked-down wall. When the boiler was installed, the wall was rebuilt with glass brick to

(Continued on page 34.)

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PREVIOUS articles in this series on meat industry advertising dealt with the varied promotional activities and experiences of a number of representative packers and processors, located in practically every section of the nation and ranging in size from the relatively large operator distributing a full line of fresh and processed products on the national geographic pattern down to the local sausage manufacturer supplying a rural territory of about 100 miles in radius.

This article will describe the comprehensive advertising program of the American Meat Institute, point out its value in promoting meat consumption and the general welfare of the industry and discuss methods for utilizing the Institute's campaign as a supplement to individual company programs and for adapting it as a strong selling tool in various plant trading areas across the country. All source material for this article was obtained from officials at the AMI general offices in Chicago.

Most industry executives are familiar with the more glamorous aspects of the AMI campaign, such as the Fred Waring radio show and the now famous bleed-red page advertisements appearing in the leading consumer magazines. However, no objective report on meat advertising would be complete without a detailed description of the program itself, its aims and accomplishments and the important part it plays in the promotional plans of a great many meat companies of every size.

Speaks for All MEAT

The Institute program, considered by many experts in the advertising field to be one of the better examples of effective and successful trade association effort, can perhaps best be characterized as the representative of MEAT in the national marketplace. The entire campaign is designed to take the story of meat to the American public, educate them as to its value as a food and, through well timed suggestions on preparation and purchasing, materially to increase its consumption. Regardless of the particular product stressed, just plain MEAT is the theme and substance

ARTICLE 7 OF A SERIES

of all the Institute advertisements.

The program is a cooperative one, directed by a 22-man planning committee consisting of meat packers and processors who are intimately concerned with the industry's problems and have the necessary know-how for advertising its products. It is supported by the great majority of industry firms, ranging in size from the smallest to the largest. The campaign details are administered by the Institute's staff and executed through Leo Burnett & Co., a Chicago advertising agency with nationwide facilities and a well trained staff of art, copy and media experts. The talents of the planning committee and the facilities of the agency are all directed towards furthering the welfare of the industry and of each sponsoring firm.

Impact Felt Locally

The many faceted campaign utilizes all of the major advertising media and to such a degree as would be out of reach of the average packer. Radio, consumer magazines, newspapers, trade and professional journals and point-of-sale materials are employed consistently on a year-round basis and coverage is nationwide. Each year more than \$2,-000,000 worth of meat selling messages blanket the United States. Irrespective of its scope, however, the AMI program is definitely local in its presentations to consumers of all trading areas throughout the country.

The Fred Waring show, for example, consistently rated among the top ten daytime radio programs, goes on the air for the industry and meat twice each week and the commercial messages in the course of one month (eight broadcasts) are carried over the National Broadcasting Co. network into more than 25 per cent of the radio homes in America. A recent survey conducted by the A. C. Nielsen Service reveals that above 20 per cent of the listeners hear at least one commercial and an average of six in that time.

The program is broadcast in the middle of the morning, at a time when Mrs.

American Housewife is busy plan the evening meal and is eager for s gestions regarding the day's shopp list. The air-wave selling mes reaches her while she is in a most ; ceptive mood and the chances of in encing her buying decisions are Her home, it is pointed out by AMI ecutives, is in some local neighborha and the retail shop where she will m her purchase lies within the sales to ritory of one or more local packers. If. after hearing the radio message, she è cides to build the day's menus are meat, the sales volume of one or a other of the program sponsors is in creased and cooperative advertising has done its job.

This same local value aspect of the program holds true in regard to all of the major media used in the campaign. The Saturday Evening Post and Life magazines, in which the AMI carries a full page each month, are two of the country's largest circulation publications. They are delivered nationally but each issue goes into a home in one of thousands of neighborhoods. The influence exerted by the advertisement for meat is a local influence and will redound to the benefit of the local packer or meat processor who supplies the outlet in which the purchase is made.

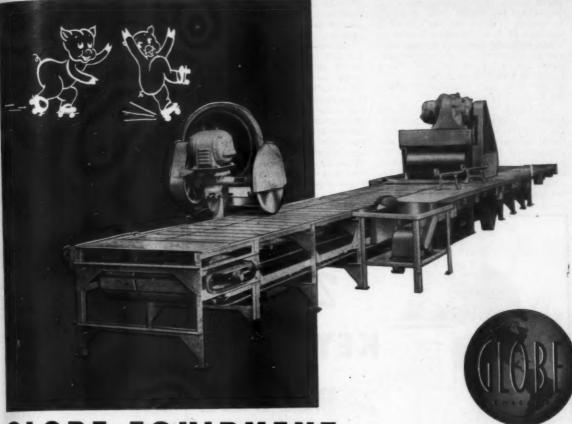
Local Sales are Aided

Other women's service publications, such as McCall's, Good Housekeeping, Ladies Home Journal and Women's Home Companion, act in the same maner. The Institute ads, appearing in two of the above mentioned magazines each month, and in each one six times a year, make an appeal and provide a service to millions of consumers, located in thousands of market areas. Whatever influence they have on the reader's food buying habits will increase meat consumption in the distribution territories of local packers and make possible additional sales of such packers' products.

Newspapers—more than 400 of them in approximately 300 cities and towns are used by the Institute for proming sales of so-called problem products. This personal and highly flexible saling tool is ideally suited for carrying meaning tool.

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GLOBE EQUIPMENT

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26, 1947

town

Speeds up HOG CUTTING ... Reduces WASTE!

You can reduce hog carcasses to choice cuts faster with Globe Layouts because:

- Variable-speed table-drive permits efficient long or short runs.
- Built-in shoulder cut-off knife and production line removal of feet and neckbones increase efficiency.
- Cutting operations are fast, safe, stable and continuous. They're clean and precise, too, reducing waste.

Gusset-reinforced moving-top-table is strong and stable. Conveyor chain is grease-packed at the factory and requires no additional lubrication. Feet adjust for level installation on uneven floors, and

flights are galvanized or stainless steel.

Supplementary conveyor tables permit ham and shoulder removal and other auxiliary operations. Bone and band saws may be added as needed.

Write for complete details.

32 Years of Serving the Meat Packing Industry With Expertly Designed Equipment

The GLOBE Company

4000 SO. PRINCETON AVE. CHICAGO 9, ILLINOIS

The National Provisioner-July 26, 1947

Page 15

sages to the buying public when and where they are needed. They can easily be spotted so as to get the utmost in coverage in those particular territories where a certain message may be needed and an intensive special purpose campaign can be inaugurated almost at a moment's notice. An example of this is an AMI newspaper program for selling the Utility beef surplus.

In addition to use of the above broad coverage media, aimed at consumers, the AMI carries on a consistent promotional campaign in various trade and professional publications, such as the Journal of the American Medical Association and other limited readership papers. This program is designed to tell the industry's story and sell the value of meat in the diet to leaders in the fields of medicine, nutrition and other related sciences, all of whom have a profound influence on the eating habits of the nation. The advertisements reach a highly intelligent audience and serve as a testing ground for development of health themes which can eventually be aimed at the consumer.

An example of this type of advertising is the current campaign to convince medical men of the health benefits to be derived from eating a substantial breakfast built around meat. AMI executives are fully aware of the influence wielded by doctors over patients in matters of diet and they hope eventually to develop a consumer campaign, based on this experience and aimed at recapturing the breakfast market for the market industry.

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Perhaps the most important of all the Institute's advertising activities, from the standpoint of individual who use it as a supplement to the promotional programs, is the pointed sale display material regularly nished to participants. This man consists of color posters reprod the artwork in current magazine a tisements but redesigned for retail chandising use. These displays tie in perfectly with the national adverti and beam the selling message at a pers at the point where it will do the most good.

The posters carry illustrations and descriptions of various meat cuts and products on the famous red-bleed leek ground and copy informs the reader of the nutritive value and ease in serving and offers menu suggestions for the various products. The overall them again is meat and there is no brand or company name appearing anywhere The packer who displays these past over the meat counter in his retail outlets derives as much promotional value from them as he would were the die plays built around his own name trademark.

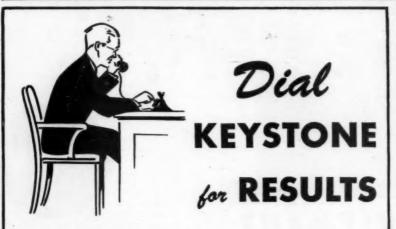
Retailer Selling Aids

In addition to supplying the posters the AMI offers participants in the pregram product mats for use by their retail customers which illustrate variou meat cuts and products and are suitable for reproduction in the retailer's advertisements, plus a catalog of promotional ideas and selling lines. There is no charge made for this service, said by retailers to be one of the finest and mos complete of its kind in existence.

By first selling his own sales organi zation on the value of installing an maintaining AMI point-of-purchase ma terials in retailers' stores and then following through with a definite place ment program, strengthened by merchandising aids of his own, the packet can develop a powerful retail-level ad vertising plan for his own products This can be invaluable to the operator with a very limited advertising pro gram, or with no program at all.

Even those plants with fairly extensive company campaigns, however, can increase their effectiveness by taking full advantage of this display service and by gearing their promotion to tie is more closely with AMI efforts. The Institute program supplies extensive me tional advertising and makes a stron case for meat; the alert executive, with a little planning and at low cost, can make this broadcast promotion work more effectively for his own firm and tie it down to a direct plug for his own products in local trading areas.

It is a well established and generally accepted fact that brand name product advertising-no matter how extensivewill not substantially increase overall meat consumption. Neither will it supply adequate representation for MEAT (all edible parts of animals, the com



For it's results that count. And when you dial KEYSTONE with an offering or inquiry . . . if it is at all humanly possible . . . you will get honest-to-goodness results.

The KEYSTONE BROKERAGE COMPANY has long realized that the competent broker must render a real service to each client—big or small. KEYSTONE renders that kind of service by conscientiously following through every inquiry and offering. This follow-through ends only after delivery of the product is made.

The next time you want to contact brokers who will do their very best to get the results you want . . . dial (or wire) a KEYSTONE office:

KEYSTONE BROKERAGE COMPANY

BOSTON: **84 State Street** Boston 9, Mass. CAPitol 7062

PHILADELPHIA: 1737 Chestnut Street Philadelphia 3, Pa. Rittenhouse 6-2062

CHICAGO: 141 W. Jackson Blvd. Chicago 4, III. WABash 8536 TELETYPEWRITER BS 515 TELETYPEWRITER PH 261 TELETYPEWRITER CG 958

COMPLETE BROKERAGE SERVICE TO THE MEAT INDUSTRY

plete carcass) in the nation's marketing places. The meat packing industry is subject to competition both from within and from without and meat must compete for its share of the average man's 40-oz. stomach with all other food products. The American Meat Institute advertising program is designed to help meat hold its place in the diet, despite that competition.

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MEXICAN MEAT PLANTS

The Mexican Department of Agriculture announced this week that the first of eight packing plants to supply the ignestic and foreign market, and to funnel off some of the cattle which were exported to the United States before the border was closed because of foot and mouth disease, will be opened soon at Tampico. Other packing plants will be operated at Ciudad Juarez, Chihuaha, Torreon, Coatzacoalcos, Manzanillo and two other port cities yet to be chosen.

The Tampico plant will supply British, French, Dutch and Belgian markets. The plant will dress and freeze meat for shipment in refrigerator ships, two of which will work out of the port. The Tampico plant is expected to be the largest of the eight to be opened and will have a maximum capacity of about 100,000 tons of dressed meat per year.

Formerly Mexico exported around 500,000 head of cattle per year from the area not yet affected with foot and mouth disease.

DR. ROSS' CANNED DOG FOOD PROMOTED IN WESTERN DRIVE

Dr. Ross' Food Co., Los Angeles, has scheduled a four-color ad campaign, induding a premium offer, for the Pacific Coast states for its canned dog and cat food. Pet owners are told the product is made expressly "For Dogs of Discrimination." Full-page insertions will be carried in western units of The American Weekly and Parade, supported with newspaper space, spot radio, painted boards and 24-sheet posters featuring the campaign theme. Newspaper ads are also being used in New Orleans and Honolulu.

PAYROLL TAX FROZEN

A law freezing the Social Security tax rate at 1 per cent on employe's wages and a like amount on employer's payrolls was rushed through Congress late this week and now goes to President Truman for approval. The House and then the Senate passed the bill quickly after a deadlock had been broken in conference committee.

Legislation agreed upon this week provides for a 1 per cent rate for two pars; the rate will be stepped up to 15 per cent in 1950 and to 2 per cent in 1952. It would then remain at that level.

HOG PRODUCTION PROGRAM

The Maryland Swine Producers Association has been established to help state farmers carry out a complete swine production program, it was revealed recently by Ural G. Bee, ex-tension animal husbandryman at the University of Maryland. A group of commercial producers, livestock commission men and packer representatives formed the organization to increase pork production, improve breeding, management and feeding practises and to produce a hog which will be more acceptable to the packer and valuable to the producer. Provisions have been made to have each enrolled farm inspected by a scoring committee. Farms receiving a satisfactory score will be given a certificate entitling the producer to a premium price.

MAKE STUDY OF USDA

The House agriculture committee announced this week that it will conduct a thorough and complete study of the basic functions and activities of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. A subcommittee will take each law and find out what personnel are working under it and what funds are being spent.

Literally thousands of laws conferring some power or function on the department have been passed by Congress since it was founded in 1862.



Shake, Pal!

Better business in lard depends on making friends with Mrs. Consumer by providing an obviously better than ordinary product. Merchandising-minded packers accomplish this, at the same time reduce production cost, by converting to VOTATOR lard processing apparatus.

It handles the transition from hot fat to cooled, congealed lard on a continuous, closed basis, in less than half the floor space required by open methods, with economical use of refrigerant and labor. Scientifically determined agitation, perfect control over air, time, and temperature assure uniformly fine texture, correct plasticity. Votator processed lard looks better, cooks better, tastes better, keeps better, sells better.

VOTATOR lard processing apparatus is available in fully developed standard models, ranging in capacity from 3000 pounds to 10,000 pounds per hour. The VOTATOR engineering department offers a qualified service in meeting special plant requirements.

THE GIRDLER CORPORATION, VOTATOR DIVISION, LOUISVILLE 1, KY.
150 Broadway, New York City 7

2612 Russ Bldg., San Francisco 4

617 Johnston Bldg., Charlotte 2, N. C.



LARD PROCESSING APPARATUS

Production and Consumption of Horse Meat Continues Up

BY EDGAR G. HENNING

Foods, Fats, and Oils Section Office of Domestic Commerce

TORSE MEAT is among the group of commodities which gained wider use during the war as substitutes for scarcer necessities. However, the favorable position of the industry is not attributed to any widespread acceptance of horse meat as an article of human diet. Although figures are lacking, the quantity of horse meat consumed by humans in this country is unquestionably small. Sales increased during the war where prevailing regulations permitted but fell at once when other meats became available. The great bulk of the product flows into export trade or is consumed in the manufacture of pet foods.

Even before the war, there was a noticeable increase in the quantity of horse meat used in animal foods. During the war the industry underwent a rapid expansion because of the scarcity of other meats. It has been able to hold its gains in the postwar era largely because of its quality and relative price compared with other meats.

Local Regulations Vary

Because of varying regulations controlling the sale of horse meat, there is no set form of marketing. Some areas will not permit horse meat to be sold in the same establishment with other meats. Zoos, circuses and animal farms may purchase the meat directly from the slaughterer and have it shipped to them, fresh or frozen. In some places routes have been established to deliver small quantities directly to the home. Horse meat is also canned or frozen to be retailed. Exported horse meat—usually boneless—is either canned or shipped in the frozen form.

During the war, the price of horse meat was regulated by the Office of Price Administration (MPR 367). Amendment 2, May 7, 1943, permitted

the seller of inspected carcasses, sides or any portion or cut, if sold by the slaughterer or independent wholesaler to receive \$7.50 to \$8.75 per cwt. (depending on the zone). The retailer could receive from \$14 to \$16 per cwt.

The number of horses in the United States has been constantly declining, decreasing from 21,482,000 in 1919 to 7,251,000 on January 1, 1947. Increased slaughter of wild horses threatens their extermination in a few years if present slaughter rates are continued. Slaughterers are finding it increasingly difficult to locate new sources of supply and, as a result, the price is expected to rise somewhat.

Horse hides are sent to tanneries to be manufactured into leather products; glands are sold to pharmaceutical manufacturers; hair, mane and tail go to hair-goods manufacturers, while tallow and grease are used by soap companies. Heart, lungs, and other edible offal are fed to fish and carnivorous animals. Some of the other by-products include horse oil, gelatin, glue, fertilizer, and high-protein feed. There is normally a constant demand in some European nations for horse casings.

The Horse-Meat Act was approved July 24, 1919, and inspection of edible horse meat started in September 1919. The act requires that establishments in which horses are slaughtered for interstate or foreign commerce shipments have federal inspection, if the meat is to be sold for use as human food. The establishment must be separated from those slaughtering other animals, or where the meat products of other animals are handled. The horses must be free of specified diseases. Horse meat must be adequately labeled as indicated in the act, and specified stamps and certificates are issued for each shipment for export from the United States.

HORSE PLANT OUTLOOK

This article was prepared for Office of Domestic Commerce of U.S. Department of Commerce gives some facts on an interesting of shoot of the meat packing indus-

A horse meat producer who been in a position to observe both operations of horse meat plants of those in the meat industry recent made the following comment to The National Provisioner.

"The horse meat business was fairly profitable a couple of years ago, but so many companies have entered the field that the cost of livestock has rived to a point where the margins are just about like those in the meat packing industry in general. It has become a question of maintaining a volume business. If we were not already in the business, I don't think that we would undertake to enter it in view of the rising cost of horses and the diminishing supply.

"One of the main features in the outlook for this industry is the declining number of horses on farms. The number of horses on farms has declined almost continuously since 1918, and if the same thing should continue for another ten years, the only horses may be those in zoos."

In addition, horse meat is covered by regulations of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, as well as numerous regulations of states and municipalities

During the prewar years (1936-39) there were only three horse slaughtering establishments operating under federal inspection. These plants alaughter annually an average of less than 20,000 horses. By February, 1947, there were 23 establishments reporting, and in the eight-month period, July, 1946 to February, 1947, these plants slaughtered 156,872 animals.

Horse meat for export is not subject to allocation by the International Emergency Food Council, and no export license is required.

The Commercial Intelligence Division of the Department of Commerce has lists of foreign purchasing agents located in the United States, which may be obtained upon request.

During World War I and immediately following it, there was a good demand in Europe for United States horse meat, because of the depletion of European herds of cattle and hogs. A similar condition exists today. However, shortly after World War I, the demand declined, and the only country to continue importing the United States product in any significant quantity was the Netherlands, averaging 2,380,000 lbs. annually for the years 1930 to 1940.

United States exports of horse meat have increased from a yearly average of 3,000,000 lbs. during the prewar period (1930-40) to almost 41,500,000 lbs.

HORSES SLAUGHTERED, ESTIMATED TOTAL MEAT PRODUCTION AND AMOUNT FABRICATED UNDER FEDERAL INSPECTION, 1940-47

Fiscal year ended June 30 Number slaughtered		Product	Weight (in pounds)
1940 28,178	Total, fresh	h, estimated ¹ cured chopped	1,960,353
1941 14,641	Total, fresh	h, estimated¹ chopped	11,000,000
1942 30,787	Total, fresh	h, estimated¹	22,000,000
1943 39,935	Total, fresh	h, estimated¹	28,000,000
1944 60,501	Total, fresh	h, estimated1	43,000,000
1945 59,674	Total, fresh	h, estimated ¹	42,000,000 814,834
1946103,880	Total, fresh	chopped	73,000,000 5,431,069 13,067,770
(8 months) July 1946 to February 1947, inclusive		cured	7,555,497 17,287,527 56,572,391
1947	Total, fresh	h, estimated	165,000,000

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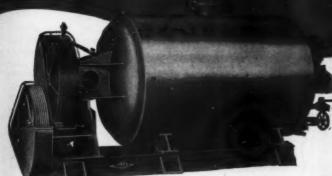
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THE JOHN J. DUPPS COMPANY

AMERICAN BLDG., CINCINNATI, OHIO

The National Provisioner—July 26, 1947

Page 19

during 1946. In the prewar days, most of the exports went to the Netherlands, but during 1946, relatively large quantities were also shipped to France and Czechoslovakia. During January, 1947, 17,258,069 lbs. of horse meat were exported from the United States. Czechoslovakia took 10,026,616 lbs.; Sweden, 2,609,312; France, 2,038,200; Poland and Danzig, 1,715,035; Austria, 603,480 and the Netherlands, 265,426 lbs.

Processors of horse meat have acquired what appears to be a permanent and greatly expanded market for their product. Many wartime producers who prepared their product for human consumption are now making plans to concentrate on production for the animal food market. Beyond the export demand by European nations for horse meat for human food, most of the meat produced in the United States undoubtedly will be consumed by carnivorous animals.

USDA FOOD DELIVERIES

Deliveries of agricultural commodities and food products by the U.S. Department of Agriculture to foreign governments, UNRRA, and to U.S. agencies totaled 1,752,000,000 lbs. in May against 2,450,000,000, lbs. in April. Deliveries to foreign governments included no meat and 2,500,000 lbs. of oleomargarine. Food products delivered to UNRRA included 918,064 lbs. of canned meat, 5,430,030 lbs. of horse meat and gravy and 5,000,000 lbs. of fats and oils.

Transfers to other government agencies included 1,741,924 lbs. of canned meats.

The USDA has also announced that during May it bought no meats or fats and oils for its supply program, territorial emergency, Red Cross or others.

FINANCIAL NOTES

The board of directors of Armour and Company this week authorized payment of all accruals and the current dividend on its \$6 prior preferred stock. The total, amounting to \$16.50 a share, will be paid October 1 to holders of record August 26. Payment of the dividends applies to 500,000 of the 532,996 shares of the \$6 preferred outstanding. Directors authorized a call for redemption on October 1 of the remaining 32,996 shares, plus accrued dividends. They also authorized the call for redemption and retirement on October 1 of all outstanding 33,715 shares of 7 per cent cumulative preferred stock. Redemption price of these shares, including dividend accruals, is \$183.25.

George A. Eastwood, Armour president, reported that the company completed the sale of \$35,000,000 of 25-year 3½ per cent income debentures (subordinated) to a group of insurance companies and simultaneously redeemed its outstanding issue of \$21,000,000 of 3½ per cent debentures of 1971.

These formal actions gave effect to a refinancing plan announced on July 18.

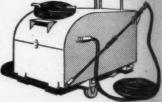
REFRIGERATION STANDARDS FOR MOTOR TRANSPORT OF FOOD WILL BE STUDIED

Preliminary steps on a research m gram concerning all phases of eq ment requirements and operating m cedures for motor freight transpor tion of perishable commodities taken at recent meeting in Washington of representatives of the America Trucking Associations, the Trailer Manufacturers Association and the U.S. Department of Agriculture It was proposed that a research committee on refrigerated motor transport formed of representatives of the period able food processing industries, the trucking industry, truck-trailer equi ment manufacturers and experts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture A committee of about sixteen members is planned.

Of long range character, the program's basic purpose is to determine the refrigeration efficiency of motor freight equipment for the protection of perishable foods under normal operating conditions encountered in the United States. Ultimate aim of the program, it was announced, is to establish equipment standards and operating standards for intense refrigeration and for modified refrigeration to meet the requirements of various types of perishable commodities. At the outset, the study will be confined largely to long-haul transportation by motor truck.



New Unit Speeds



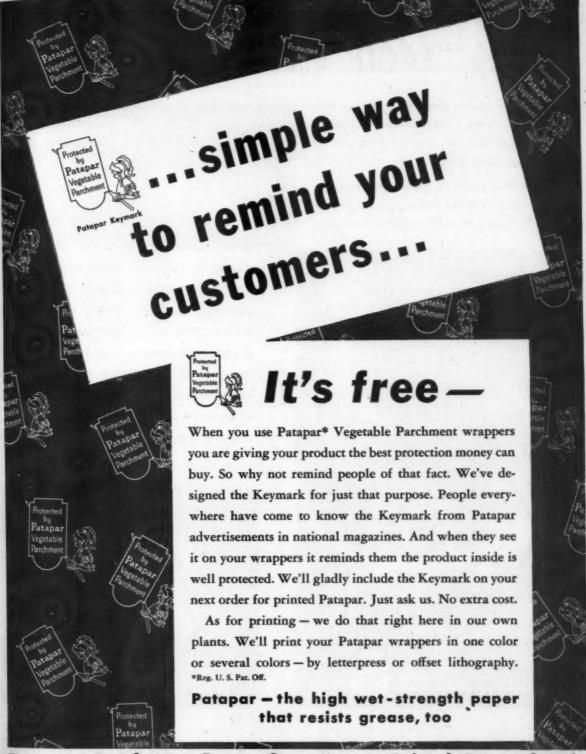
Smokehouse Cleaning

MAKE easy work of a tough job. Clean smoke-houses faster and at less cost with the new OAKITE HOT-SPRAY UNIT. This unit shoots two gallons of penetrating Oakite detergent solution per minute at thirty pounds pressure. Avoids work-slowing, poor visibility of steam cleaning. Soaks off creosote and burned-on grease. Eliminates grease-fire hazards. Cuts wall cleaning time. Safe to use on brick, cement, plaster, tile, metal. Use it, too, for speedy cleaning of floors, kettles, ducts, chill vats.

How the Oakite Hot-Spray Unit works and how it can speed-up your cleaning jobs are outlined in free Oakite Service Report. Write.

OAKITE PRODUCTS, INC., 20 A Tharmes St., NEW YORK 6, N. Y.
Technical Service Representatives in Principal Cities of the U. S. and Canada

OAKITE Specialized CLEANING



Paterson Parchment Paper Company • Bristol, Pennsylvania
Headquarters for Vegetable Parchment Since 1885

WEST COAST PLANT: 340 BRYANT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO 7, CALIFORNIA BRANCH OFFICES: 120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK 5, N. Y. • 111 WEST WASHINGTON ST., CHICAGO 2, ILL.

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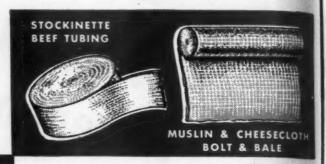
1947

for Proper Protection of your Meat Products specify "EAGLE BEEF" TEXTILE COVERS!

Give your quality meats the protection they deserve. Order EAGLE Covers for positive protection from dirt and handling, and for eye-appealing quality.

Selected materials and modern manufacture count for the ever increasing demand for **EAGLE** Covers. Let us know your requirements.

COVERS



BARREL COVERS **BOLOGNA TUBING CANVAS PRODUCTS** CHEESECLOTH FRANKFURTER BAGS

BEEF CLOTH IN ROLLS BURLAP BAGS CATTLE WIPE COTTON BAGS HAM TUBING *FRIDGI-NETTE FOR FROZEN POULTRY & FOODS

POLISHING CLOTHS STOCKINETTE BAGS

SECUR-EDGE SHROUDS TIERCE LINERS

TRUCK COVERS

SHROUD PINS—SKEWERS

*NEW AND IMPROVED STOCKINETTE FOR FROZEN FOODS, MANUFACTURED BY EAGLE BEEF CLOTH CO.



Manufactured by

SECUR-EDGE

LAMB BAGS

EAGLE

276 NEWPORT ST., BROOKLYN 12, N. Y.

Makers of Textiles for Meats Since 1929

The National Provisioner-July 26, 1847

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Up and down the MEAT TRAIL

John Schmidt New Armour Vice President, Comptroller

Jehn Schmidt, assistant comptroller, assistant secretary and general auditor of Armour and Company, has been elected vice president and comptroller

caused by the death of the late John A.

Lane. Mr. Schmidt in a veteran in the Armour organization, having joined as a messenger boy in 1915. He has been connected with the accounting division since his return from military service in the first world war.

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J. SCHMIDT

At the same time it was announced that A. H. Van

Kampen was elected assistant comptroller and K. E. Grossnickle, general auditor. The latter had been assistant general auditor with a company service record dating back to 1918. Mr. Kampen has been in the accounting division in various capacities since 1927.

Hot Springs Packing Co. Reorganized; Will Expand

The Hot Springs Packing Co., Inc., Hot Springs, Ark. has been reorganized. The full authorized capital stock of \$75,000 was purchased by W. Jacob Weston, Jason D. Weston, Elisha J. Weston and Benjamin Kulp. Officers of the corporation were elected as follows: President, W. J. Weston; vice president, E. J. Weston; secretary-treasurer, J. D. Weston, and chairman of the board, Mr. Kulp.

The company plans to undertake an extensive remodeling and expansion program in the near future.

Fitzsimmons Stores Will Dispose of Packing Plant

Operations at the Imperial Meat Packing Co., Imperial, Calif., subsidiary of Fitzsimmons Stores, Inc., ceased on July 15 and the plant will be sold, according to T. G. Hughes. The plant, which is located on 8¼ acres of land, has a pen capacity of 500 cattle and 200 hogs, and a slaughtering capacity of 400 cattle and 100 hogs a week. The main structure houses slaughtering, call rooms and cutting rooms, smokelsuses and sausage kitchen and hide through facilities. The plant also includes two smaller utility buildings.



"See here, McTwerp, I thought I warned you not to be taking this short cut through the First Aid on your way to the cutting floor."

J. & F. Schroth Packing Co. Elects New Vice President

James S. Shropshire has been elected vice president of the J. & F. Schroth Packing Co. of Cincinnati, O., William H. Schroth, president, announced this week. Lawrence H. Willig, head of a Cincinnati accounting firm, who had served temporarily as vice president, resigned from that office but continues as secretary of the company. Shropshire is a veteran of World War II and a graduate of the University of Kentucky college of agriculture.

National Livestock Show to Be Held in St. Louis

Plans for an annual national livestock show to be held at St. Louis, Mo. were made at a recent meeting there attended by about 200 representatives of the livestock and meat packing industries. John F. Krey, executive vice president of the Krey Packing Co. and chairman of the board of the American Meat Institute, presided at the session.

Speakers included W. O. Cox, for the past 12 years manager of the Houston (Tex.) Fat Stock Show, and Herman Engle, manager of the Tulsa, Okla. livestock show. A committee to draw up articles of incorporation, constitution and by-laws will be appointed by E. G. Cherbonnier, chairman of the agricultural committee of the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce, which sponsored the meeting.

Personalities and Events __of the Week____

• The Landers Packing Co. plant in Denver, Colo. is expected to be completed and in operation by September 1. It will have a capacity of 10,000 sheep a week and will include a wool pullery. Plans call for a wool scouring mill and a leather tannery to be added later.

• The new \$100,000 plant of the David Pass Packing Co., located on the Dennison highway near West Helena, Ark., was opened for public inspection recently. Equipped to slaughter and process 40 head of cattle and 300 hogs a day, the unit has almost 4,000 sq. ft. of floor space and was designed especially for ease in handling meat efficiently.

• James L. Dickens, 79, former executive of the Layton Packing Co. of Milwaukee, Wis., died recently after a long illness. As a young man he joined the Layton company, which was founded by his cousin, Frederick Layton. He was secretary of the firm when he retired in 1935 after it was absorbed by Swift & Company.

• Einar With of A. I. With Co., Oslo, Norway, visited the Chicago offices of the Cudahy Packing Co. recently and discussed business with company officials. His firm, which was founded by his uncle, has represented Cudahy in Norway since 1890. Mr. With was accompanied by his wife.

• O. J Boon, assistant district branch house sales manager for Swift & Company at St. Paul, Minn., has been transferred to San Francisco, Calif. to take over similar duties for the company's West Coast district. His successor at St. Paul is G. W. Brackenbury. Boon, a 27-year veteran, was hired as a student salesman at the Swift branch at Portland, Ore. He continued in sales at various West Coast branches, was manager at Bellingham, Wash. for five years before being transferred to Portland. Brackenbury also began as a student salesman, at Minneapolis. By 1937 he was assistant manager and served in a similar capacity at other Minnesota units. He was later manager of the Swift branch at Cedar Rapids, Ia. and at Grand Rapids, Mich. and spent more than a year in training at the company's general offices in Chicago.

• William L. Maxson, 48, internationally known for his work in developing frozen foods, died recently in Boston. He became ill while there on a business trip and died following an operation. Mr. Maxson organized Maxson Food Systems, Inc., was chairman of the board of directors of the Victor Electric Products, Inc., which was absorbed by W. L. Maxson Corp., New York engineering and manufacturing firm, of which he was president.

 The Cleveland Sausage & Packing Co. of Shelby, N. C. has been incorporated by Joseph J., Zeneca and Robert F. Scruggs to deal in livestock and meats. The corporation is capitalized at \$100,000.

- The Lancaster (Calif.) Packing Co. began operations in a new plant early this month, J. W. Driscoll, owner, has reported. Driscoll stated that the old plant will be used as a wholesale cutting division.
- L. M. Tarvestad, president of the Fargo (N. D.) Packing Co., announced that work has started on a \$60,000 plant in southwest Fargo.
- F. W. Durkee, jr., has taken over the editorship of *The Armour Star*, Chicago plant publication of Armour and Company.
- The Manhattan Meat Packing Corp. has been incorporated at New York city by F. R. Herbert. Five hundred shares of no par value stock were issued.
- Articles of incorporation for the Milan Packing Co. with headquarters in Cedar Rapids, Ia. and operating a plant in Milan, Ill., have been filed with the Iowa secretary of state. The plant has been operated as a partnership by H. C. Colgan and E. L. Mead since they purchased it about a year ago from James A. Dugan. Officers are: President, R. C. Bakewell; executive vice president, R. B. Mead; vice president, Wesley W. Richards; secretary, Mead, and treasurer, Colgan.
- Clyde F. House, veteran wholesale meat market reporter for the U. S. Department of Agriculture in New York city, retired this month, the Production and Marketing Administration announced. Since 1931 Mr. House had covered the New York wholesale dressed meat market for the Department, issuing daily and weekly reports on market activity. Entering the fed-



SWIFT OFFICIAL AWARDED AMI 25 YEAR BUTTON

M. L. Westering (left), head of the soap department of Swift & Company, proudly displays his new silver American Meat Institute pin to E. A. Moss, vice president in charge of the soap and cleanser department, who made the presentation on June 27. Westering, who joined the company in 1922, has been head of the soap department since 1941 and has supervision over all industrial and consumer types of soaps and cleansers.

eral service in 1911 when federal meat inspection was only a few years old and federal meat grading was still several years away, he served at various times as a meat inspector, grader and market news analyst, and prior to that had spent ten years with various meat firms. In 1919 he took a leave of absence to inspect meat for the French government.

- Facilities for inedible rendering are being added to the Reh Brothers Packing Co. plant near Natoma, Kans.
- E. Y. Brickhouse is seeking a tenyear lease from the Norfolk Southern Railroad on property the company owns near Elizabeth City, N. C. Brickhouse desires to build a \$30,000 meat packing plant on the tract. The Elizabeth City Chamber of Commerce, through its new industries committee, has been working with him to obtain the lease.
- Paul Taussig, 49, well known veterinarian, rancher and cattle breeder of Parshall, Colo., died recently. He had been a member of the Colorado board of cattle inspection and a past director and member of the Western Stock Show Association.
- Arthur J. Guillot has been elected president of the New Orleans Butcher's Cooperative Abattoir, Inc. Other officers are: First vice president, J. M. Arthus; second vice president, S. O. Courrege; secretary, J. Sidney Lambert, and treasurer, Blaise Camel.
- Weller H. Noyes, 87, Cresskill, N. Y., retired manager of Swift & Company's East Side Packing plant in New York city, died on July 20.
- The Sherman Frozen Food Locker, Sherman, Tex., has been reincorporated and the name changed to the Sherman Packing Co., Inc. Officers are: President, W. L. Pickens; vice president, Prentice Wilson; secretary-treasurer, V.

- D. Bostick, and manager, Jack Park Park announced that extensive plus have been made for improvement of services and that the wholesale business will be expanded.
- Ernest M. Champion will build a packinghouse at Brunswick, Ga. in slaughtering cattle and hogs. Build will be of concrete block and brick.
- L. C. Rogers, 67, wholesale need dealer of Harrodsburg, Ky., wide known in the area for the "county sausage" he produced and distributed died recently at his home.
- Meat curing facilities and a locar room have been completed at the plant of the Cold Storage & Marketing Center in Water Valley, Miss. Stanley Morpa is manager of the firm, which is owned by C. H. Wood and W. E. Blackmer.
- The Eastern Packing Co., Temenia, Calif., operated by C. S. Fleischman, discontinued operations on July 12 and will be sold, Fleischman has announced The plant has a weekly capacity of 250 cattle.
- The Krehbiel Packing Co. has begin operations at Trenton, Mo., under managership of Beverly Rush. The plant has facilities for cattle and hog slaughtering and processing and inedible dry rendering.
- John F. Saunders, jr., president of the Saunders Importing Co., Boston, has been appointed to the executive committee of the board of governors of



J. SAUNDERS

the Notre Dame Alumni Association. He had previously represented Massachusetts on the association's board of gover-Saunders. nors. who received his Bachelor of Arts degree "cum laude" in 1931, was prominent in extracurricular activities. He served as president of the senior class, manager of the Notre Dame p

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football stadium and chairman of the undergraduate group to raise funds for a Knute Rockne memorial. Before forming his own firm, Saunders was associated with Early & Moor as vice president, general manager and director. He was also for some time executive vice president of the Natural Casing Institute.

- Operations at the Chipola Freezing Co., Marianna, Fla., are expected to begin by October 1, officials have announced. Facilities for slaughtering and processing, storage rooms and lockers are being built. W. Bryant Pender is president and E. J. Amos is secretarygeneral manager of the new company.
- Contract for the construction of a packinghouse at 839 E. Sierra Bonita ave., Garvey, Calif. for V. C. Condrea has been awarded. The one-story frame and stucco structure was designed by the Rollins Engineering Co. of Temple City, Calif.



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26, 1947

Here's a Boiled Ham Cure

that offers up to

15% GAINS IN YIELDS

Developed by Custom for better results and better profits for you!

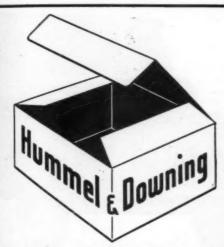
CUSTOM Boiled Ham Cure is only ONE of the complete line of Custom Cures—each designed for a specific job and each offering unusual advantages—each guaranteed to do a better job in every way.

The full line of CUSTOM Cures includes six distinct types of regular straight cures, complete cures, sausage cures, and individual product cures that help produce cured and processed meats with proven sales appeal. And you'll also find extra opportunities for better sausage, specialty and cured meat profits by using other special materials and ingredients in the CUSTOM line. May we show you how?

This new CUSTOM Boiled Ham Cure gives unusual results—in better quality, better flavor and GREATER YIELDS. It gives advantages typical of the results you can expect when you use a curing product designed and produced for special results. It offers better opportunities for sales and profits—ask about it today!

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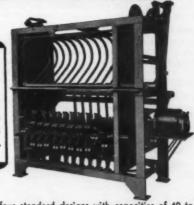
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 "Boss" dehairers assure cleaner hogs, m a x i m u m production and minimum cost per hog.



Built in four standard designs with capacities of 40 to 1000 hogs per hour, "Boss" Dehairers fit into plants of all sizes.
 The No. 46-A Grate Dehairer illustrated has a capacity per hour of 100 to 125 hogs averaging 225 pounds each.
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4,967,000 Trucks Studied . . .

Wolfe, Corcoran and Linder, leading New York life insurance actuaries, assembled the records of all trucks of the five sales leaders registered from 1933 through 1941 . . . 4,967,000 trucks in all. Then they prepared truck life-expectancy tables in exactly the same way that they prepare buman life-expectancy tables for life insurance companies.

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The result? Ford Trucks Last Longer! Up to 19.6% longer than the other 4 sales leaders!. Why is this true? Because Ford Trucks are built stronger. They're built to last longer! That extra life that's put into Ford Trucks comes from Ford experience in building more trucks than any other manufacturer. Ford knows bow to build trucks that last longer!

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FORD TRUCKS LAST LONGER!



13.1% longer than that of Truck "B" 3.2% longer than that of Truck "C" 7.6% longer than that of Truck "D" 19.6% longer than that of Truck "E"

OFFICIAL ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATE

Based on the application of sound and accepted actuarial methods to the actual experience as measured by truck registrations, we hereby certify that, in our opinion, the accompanying table fairly presents the relative life-expectancy of the trucks involved.

WOLFE, CORCORAN AND LINDER Life Insurance Actuaries, New York, N. Y.

What Longer Truck Life Means to You... Why It Pays to Wait for a New Ford Truck!

It stands to reason the longer you use a truck, the less it costs to own. That's why longer-lived Ford Trucks are the top truck value. And, logically, Ford longevity means lower maintenance costs . . less time in the shop. It means more unused miles when you're ready to trade, and a better trade-in. Yes, any way you look at it, you'll get more truck for your money with a Ford Truck . . . because Ford Trucks last longer!

Page 26

The National Provisioner—July 28, 1947

What cleaning Sal support of the phate material is some bleaching

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PLANT OPERATIONS

Ideas for Operating Men

CLEANING TRIPE

What is the best chemical to use in deaning and bleaching tripe?

Sal soda, soda ash, tri-sodium phosphate and hydrated lime are some of materials used and hydrogen peroxide is sometimes employed as a direct bleaching agent.

Packers indicate that availability and price constitute major considerations in choosing a chemical to do the job. Most plants, including both large and small, employ soda ash. One packer uses soda ash in a ratio of 4 lbs. to 100 gals. of water while others place a scoop or two in the scalder for each of the operations.

Several large packers report that they have experimented with hydrogen peroxide but found this method of bleaching too costly. Twenty pounds of 30 per cent hydrogen peroxide is mixed with 1,000 lbs. of water in making such a bleach. The solution must be prepared under laboratory standards. Use of hydrogen peroxide does produce a white tripe and the method might be particularly advantageous for a plant with insufficient volume to permit selection of light product for the boxed specialty trade.

While some tripe will not wash white, proper attention in cleaning and scalding will do much to improve quality. First, the loose skin should be removed and the material should be thoroughly curied and washed on the umbrella washer. This latter type of equipment is essential in getting good results. Tripe is clean when the water squeezed from it is as clean as the wash water.

Proper operation of the scalding and scraping machine will help in achieving good color. In either type of scalder—the tumbler or hexagonal—the removal of the scurf depends on the proper movement of the tripe within the machine. The size of the charge must be controlled so that there is room within the scalder for the tripe to move about and rub against the cylinder perforations and other pieces of material.

The speed of the machine must also be controlled. If the cylinder goes too fast the tripe will bunch up and centrifugal force will prevent thorough rubbing. If the machine runs too slowly the tripe will not be tumbled and rubbed against other pieces and the perforations. The proper load and speed for the sealder are established by the manufacturer and should be observed.

The temperature at which tripe is saided has a bearing on the color of the finished product. Scalding temperatures higher than 130 degs. F. appear to bake the dirt into the tripe and prevent achievement of good color. On the other hand, the color will suffer if the

temperature goes too low to aid the detergent in removal of grease and foreign material.

Plants which produce a premium tripe usually run it through several washes and rinses. Two caustic washes followed by two hot water rinses appears to be good operating practice. Scalding time may vary from 10 to 20 minutes, depending on the type of tripe being handled, and the scalding temperature is generally around 130 degs. F.

One plant which gives its tripe two 15-minute washes checks the pieces for tenderness before they are placed in the cooker. Some of the lighter pieces are cooked sufficiently in the cleaning operation.

Condensate Saving Pays

Reclamation and return of condensate to the boiler has not only improved the efficiency of dry rendering operations at the plant of the Merchants Packing Co., Chicago, but has also allowed the firm to step up output without increasing steam generating capacity, according to Gustav Behnke, chief engineer.

The firm recently added a new melter in the inedible rendering department and at that time it was believed it might be necessary to install an additional boiler to furnish enough steam for the two old and one new units. It was noted, however, that the two older cookers frequently contained a considerable volume of condensate which had to be drained off through a cock in the outer shell. It was then decided to install a condensate return system in the hope that it would improve melter and boiler efficiency.

Engineer Behnke (shown below at right with Returnal unit of Heat Reclaimer Corp.) reports that since installation of the system the cooking time

per batch has been reduced by from 45 to 60 minutes.

The firm no longer has need for additional steam generating capacity since the shortened cycle of melter operation permits the plant to stagger its cooking and only on rare occasions are all three of the melters working at the same time.

Engineer Behnke has noted that the condensate returns to the boiler with only a few degrees drop in temperature (it previously was dumped).

OF HOG HAIR

OW to dispose of hog hair advantageously is a problem of concern to all packers having substantial hog slaughter volume. The NATIONAL PROVISIONER was recently asked if the dollar yield from hog hair could not be increased by adding it to hog blood in the blood drying process. The packer who inquired believed this to be a possibility because hair, as well as blood, is high in ammonia content.

The practice of mixing hog hair with blood is impractical, for a number of reasons. Because hog hair is injurious to animals, several state laws prohibit including it in any amount in blood or in any other protein food which is to be sold as animal food—the most profitable manner of disposing of inedible packinghouse by-products.

Most plants equipped to prepare inedible by-products as animal feed find it profitable to do so for they bring a higher price than fertilizers which can be produced more economically by the chemical industry. Only a small percentage of by-products from larger plants goes into fertilizer except when the protein content of the product is too low to sell as an animal feed. It is estimated that approximately 90 per cent of the meat scraps and 75 per cent of the blood produced is now sold as animal feed. (See the Provisioner of May 31, 1947, page 17.)

Heavy volume, of ccurse, justifies curing of hog hair at the packing plant, but smaller plants probably will find it more convenient to sell the hair green.

Some smaller plants which do not have facilities for preparing both animal feed and fertilizer include the hair in tankage, rendering it with other inedible products for fertilizer. One packer experimented with rendering hair into a stick constituent and running it in with the next batch of rendering material. A few trial batches convinced the plant of the lower yield from rendering hair.



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RECENT PATENTS

The information below is furnished by patent law offices of

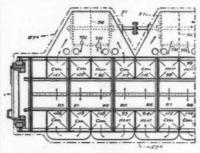
LANCASTER, ALLWINE & ROMMEL

468 Bowen Building Washington 5, D. C.

The data listed below is only a brief review of recently issued pertinent patents obtained by various U. S. Patent Office registered attorneys for manufacturers and/or inventors. Complete copies may be obtained direct from Lancaster, Allwine & Rommel by sending 50c for each copy desired. They will be pleased to give you free preliminary patent advice.

No. 2,422,536, APPARATUS FOR TREATMENT OF FOODS BY DE-HYDRATION OR REFRIGERATION COMPRISING TRUCKS AND A TREATING INCLOSURE, patented June 17, 1947 by William J. Finnegan, Jacksonville Beach, Fla.

Laterally-spaced rows of temperature



changing units are disposed within the housing, forming a path along which the trucks move.

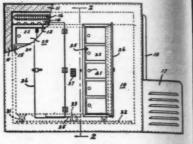
No. 2,421,113, VEGETABLE PROTEIN HYDRATES, patented May 27, 1947 by Raymond S. Burnett and Earl J. Roberts, New Orleans, La., assignors to the United States of America, as represented by the Secretary of Agriculture.

Peanut protein and water are em-

ployed and the hydrate produced is to have a pH of about 7.0, the water completely hydrating the protein in not being in excess of that which the protein molecules will bind. The hydrate is relatively clear, comparatively static against gelling, and tacky.

No. 2,421,439, REFRIGERATED CABINET WITH SELECTIVE ACCESS, patented June 3, 1947 by Jappe A. Smith, Oakwood, O., assignor a General Motors Corp., Dayton, O., a corporation of Delaware.

Tiers of lockers are housed with



this cabinet and may be moved so as to align any particular tier with the cabinet opening.

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No. 2,420,238, STABILIZED FAT COMPOSITIONS, patented May 6, 1947 by Paul Gyorgy, Cleveland, O., assignor to Wyeth Incorporated, Philadelphia, Pa. a corporation of Delaware.

The stabilizer comprises a mixture of a crude source of vitamin B complex and a manoether of hydroquinone, such as monomethyl and monobenzyl ethers.

No. 2,422,608, APPARATUS FOR PLUCKING FEATHERS, patented

June 17, 1947 by Edward J. Albright, Chicago, Ill., assignor to E. J. Albright & Co., Chicago, Ill., a copartnership.

The invention consists of a rotor

having ribs upon its outer periphery, with flanges on the free edges of the ribs. These flanges have spaced-apart openings accommodating outwardly-extending radial fingers.



Summer Months Are Ahead



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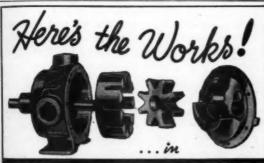
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It's the big season for boiled hams! And only quality hams emerge from HOY STAINLESS STEEL HAM MOLDS.

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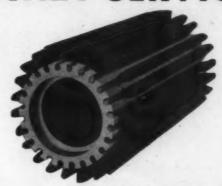
Simple to the nth degree. Just 2 moving gears—one within the other. Both self supported. Positive in action. Smooth, even flow with no pulsation. Handles any clean liquid regardless of viscosity. Low speed. Full, fast delivery. Long life. Complete line of models and sizes with pressures ranging from 5 to 500 psi. depending on style of pump.



If it is your job to see that liquids are moved, see Viking for the answer. Write today for the folder that will help you, 47SS.

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ONE YEAR EXTRA SERVICE



By Using FULLERGRIPT Brush Strips on CALVES HEAD WASHER BRUSH...

> Every economy counts in the production of dog food. One Midwest packing plant, securing scraps for this purpose from calves' heads, investigated the cost-saving of a more durable Calves Head Washer Brush.

They attached to their brush cylinder a series of Fullergript metal-anchored brush strips that were filled with bassine fibre. The construction of these metal strips allowed them to be reversed, so that the wear could be taken on both edges. This feature, plus the continuous density of the brush material, was responsible for doubling the brush life. Fullergript had lengthened one year's wear into two, with evidence the brush would last well into the third year.

Feel free to call on the Fuller Engineers whenever you suspect that power brushes can produce economies. Write to...

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NEVERFAIL consistently gives your product the genuine, old-fashioned, full bodied ham flavor that makes every bite a delight. On top of that, NEVERFAIL adds a special aromatic goodness all its own . . . because it Pre-Seasons the meat as it cures. A special blend of spices goes in with the cure . . . permeates every morsel and fibre of the meat. They're good eating . . and good-looking hams, too . . . cherry pink, uniformly tender in texture, firm and moist but never soggy.

3-Day Ham Cure.

And if price again becomes a factor, the NEVERFAIL 3-Day Ham Cure gives you another advantage. It actually produces hams at lower cost. The shorter time in cure enables you to market your product faster and more economically. Using this ready-mixed compound saves mixing your own preparation . . . eliminates one whole operation with its uncertainty and high labor cost. Write today for complete information.

Pre-Season your bacon, sausage meat and meat loaves! Use NEVERFAIL Pre-Seasoning Cure as a rubbing compound and in your chopper.

H. J. MAYER & SONS CO., INC.

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NEW EQUIPMENT and Supplies

NEW ELECTRIC MOTOR

An entirely new type of electric motor—called Axial Air-Gap—for industrial applications where the shape and size of conventional type motors are a handicap has been developed by Fairbanks, Morse & Co., Chicago. A distin-



guishing feature of the axial air-gap motor is that the magnetic lines of force follow a path parallel to the shaft as compared to the radial path taken by the magnetic flux in the conventional motor.

The new motors range in size from ½ to 10 h.p. and are suitable for horizontal or vertical flange mounting, or on an angle base for belt drives. Outstanding features are: Space and weight reduction—the new units are less than half the size of conventional motors (see photograph) and weigh about 30 per cent less; the simplicity and speed with which the motor can be inspected, cleaned and lubricated; a cooler rotor, and much greater acceptability as a flange mounted motor with less overhang.

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The average thrust of an axial airgap motor is about 9 to 10 lbs. per sq. in. of gap area. Speed-torque and operating performance are comparable in most respects with conventional motors.

HEAT COATING PROCESS

An improved application technique for field installation of heat-hardening (bakelite) films has been developed by Stalpic Coating Corp., Chicago. The new process is said to produce vitreous, smooth, corrosion-resistant barriers on metal equipment, pipes and tank interiors. The barriers are claimed to be inert enough for contact with foodstuffs but rugged enough to withstand acids, salt solutions, solvents and oils.

Preparation of the surface to be coated, application and heat curing are accomplished by trained crews and the cost of the service is said to approximate one-half of the cost of field creeted mild steel tanks of the same dimensions.

CONTINUOUS LARD PROCESS

A continuous, closed-circuit process for lard of uniform, high quality has been announced by Marco Co., Inc. of Wilmington, Del.

Known as the Flow-Master process, it employs a Flow-Master reactor to produce a snow-white, creamy, textured lard which has been homogenized, plasticized, texturized and bleached. According to the manufacturer, lard processed by this method is not subject to stratification on standing, rancidity is retarded and the smoke point is higher than is characteristic of lard handled by the more conventional production methods.

Through a closed circuit, the rendered lard passes from the rendering kettle through two triple-bag filters. The filtered lard is then directed through coolers-the number of which depends on the volume of production desired and the type of coolers used. The rendered, filtered and cooled lard is then drawn through the reactor by its own vacuum and discharged at the point of packaging without any additional handling facilities. Use of stainless steel piping is suggested by the manufacturer as a means of minimizing fatty acid formation; copper or brass in contact with lard reduce the stability of the fat.

The process as outlined is a closed circuit continuous operation which is said to be highly efficient and to elimi-

nate the possibility of atmospheric moisture being picked up by the lard during production. Air or gases, under close control, may be incorporated into the lard and dispersed as a multiplicity of minute micronsize air cells.

The reactor, with supporting equipment as outlined, will process lard at a rate up to 1,000 gals. (approximately 7,500 lbs.) per hour. Floor space and manpower requirements a r e minimized. According to the Marco Co., absolute uniformity and high quality of product is assured.

AT RIGHT IS THE FLOW-MASTER RE-ACTOR UNIT MADE BY THE MARCO CO.

NEW SAFETY VALVE

A new safety valve for air compressors, utilizing a nylon disk, has been developed by Manning, Maxwell & Moore, Inc., Bridgeport, Conn. The valve, made with a stainless base and cadmium cap and spring, is said to meet all ASME requirements for air compressor service. It has been flow-tested and discharge capacities are guaranteed.

The use of nylon as a material for safety valve seats is something new and the substance is claimed by the manufacturer to possess all the essential characteristics of wear-resistance, hardness and flexibility. The new valve uses a nylon disk working against a bronze seat, to prevent flow, creep and sticking.

RUBBER CONE MATTING

A new rubber mat, consisting of more than 2,000 one-quarter inch high rubber cones, is offered by Avenue Manufacturing & Sales Co., Chicago, for added safety and elimination of fatigue. The black, non-marking mat is 21¼ in. square, with an overall thickness of ½ in. Features claimed by the manufacturer include self cleaning construction, cones on both sides for longer life and elevation from damp floors in order to prevent any possibility of electrical shocks.





WIENERS, BOLOGNA Specialty Loaves



Special X soy binder steps-up your quality because it blends the ingredients and holds the moisture and "spring". You'll see quickly that you can improve quality at low cost with soy binder.



Soy flour or Grits is used in the same manner as any other binder. Some say they like Special X and Meatone Grits in combination with cereal or milk. Many prefer straight soy binder. We suggest you try them both ways.

Write for FREE Samples



Production of Canned Meat and Bacon Turn Upward in June but Sausage Off a Little

WHILE production of sausage and loaf products in federally inspected plants during June declined slightly from May, output of sliced bacon and canned meats made gains over the preceding month. Compared with the corresponding month in 1946, when the livestock famine had begun to

compared with 117,997,000 lbs. in May and 95,665,000 lbs. in June, 1946. In the first six months of this year inspected plants turned out 680,166,000 lbs. of sausage compared with 732,257,000 lbs. in the corresponding 1946 period and 860,544,000 lbs. in 1945. Even though sausage production in the first half of

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MEATS AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS PREPARED AND PROCESSED UNDER FEDERAL INSPECTION—JUNE 1947, WITH COMPARISONS

	June		January-June	
	1947	1946	1947	1946
Meat placed in cure-	- 1bs.	Ibu.	lbs.	lbs.
			F# #40 000	20 0111 111
Beef	9,854,000	2,346,000 150,369,000	57,560,000 1.533,634,000	33,847,000 1,402,962:000
Pork	262,551,000	150,360,000	1,000,001,000	1,402,002,000
Smoked and/or dried—				
Beef	5,426,000	1.287,000	29,829,000	16,696,900
Pork	106,582,000	117,895,000	946,096,000	908,641,000
Sausage-				
Fresh (finished)	15,323,000	22,479,000	127,888,000	194,253,000
Smoked and/or cooked	91,149,000	67,182,000	488,054,000	485,562,000
To be dried or semi-dried	11,202,000	6,054,000	64,223,000	52,442,000
Loaf, head cheese, chili con				
carne, jellied products, etc	16,926,000	18,077,000	91,291,000	108,713,000
Cooked meat-				
Beef	2,617,000	854,000	15,322,000	11,880,000
Pork	50,203,000	29,602,000	271,819,000	240,751,000
Canned meat and meat food pro-	lucts—			
Beef	7.518,000	10,561,000	52,845,000	71,971,000
Pork	27,963,000	64,895,000	211,764,000	376,474,000
Sausage	7,084,000		49,278,000	37,134,00
Soup	35,005,000		253,722,000	219,168,00
All other	18,611,000		164,510,000	215,071,00
Bacon (sliced)	58,031,000	49,004,000	304,117,000	300,756,00
Lard—				
Rendered	139,213,000	64,726,000	854,170,000	658,603,600
Refined	101,762,000	62,447,000	628,253,000	577,767,000
Rendered pork fat-				
Rendered	7,477,000	5,111,000	47,738,000	42,519,60
Refined	4,260,000		26,162,000	30,713,00
Oleo stock	6,127,000		53,694,000	41,778,00
Edible tallow	6,981,000		49,962,000	30,029,00
Compound containing animal fat	15,095,000	18,608,000	112,215,000	128,588,00
Oleomargarine containing			40 100 000	40 000 00
animal fat	1,430,000		16,487,000	16,057,00
Miscellaneous	4,665,000	2,752,000	22,186,000	20,880,000
*Total	1 072 056 000	748,333,000	6,472,821,000	6,223,220,000

"This figure represents "inspection pounds" as some of the products may have been inspected and recorded more than once due to having been subjected to more than one distinct processing treatment, such as curing first and then canning.

develop, sausage and sliced bacon production volumes for June, 1947 were larger, but canned meats and loaf products showed declines.

Tonnage of all kinds of sausage turned out by inspected establishments during June totaled 117,673,929 lbs. 1947 lagged behind that of a year earlier, it is possible that the total for the year may approach the 1,398,642,000 lbs. turned out in 1946 since output fell off sharply in some of the summer months last year. At the present rate of production sausage processing in in-

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spected plants is still very much above the level of such years as 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941 and 1942.

Canned meat volume for June amounted to 96,180,883 lbs. compared with 88,616,000 lbs. in May and 118,-518,000 lbs. in June, 1946. In the first six months of the year output of canned meats and meat food products totaled 732,120,000 lbs. compared with 919,813,-000 lbs. in the like period last year and 1,244,251,000 lbs. in 1945.

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Total amount of bacon sliced in federally inspected plants was 304,116,000 lbs. for the first half of 1947 against 300,756,000 lbs. in the like period a year earlier and 187,834,000 lbs. in 1945. Production in June, 1947 amounted to 58,030,976 lbs. against 57,444,000 lbs. a month earlier and 49,004,000 lbs. in 1945. It appears possible that sliced bacon production this year will be greater than in any previous 12-month period.

CANADIAN MARKETINGS OFF

Commercial livestock marketings in Canada for the first 24-week period ended June 14 of this year show a decline when compared with the same period for last year, according to the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Marketings of cattle and calves for the first 24 weeks were about 87 and 95 per cent respectively of 1946, while hogs were almost 91 per cent, and sheep and lambs about 82 per cent.

Reduced livestock marketings during the quarter are reflected in the downward trend of inspected slaughter. Slaughterings, like marketings, showed a greater decline in the prairie provinces with decreases in eastern Canada being less severe. Cattle slaughter for this period dropped almost 18 per cent, calves nearly 6 per cent, hogs 10 per cent and sheep and lambs almost 19 per cent from those of the first 24-week period of 1946.

As a result of decreased marketings and slaughterings, meat production for the first five months was about 13 per cent below that of the first five months of last year. Slaughter weights of cattle, according to Canadian sources, were almost 4 lbs. lighter, while hogs were more than 3 lbs. heavier than was the case in the first five months of 1946. The downward trend during this period affected domestic meat supplies and has materially curtailed exports of meat and meat products to the United Kingdom.

MID DIRECTORY CHANGES

The following Directory changes have been announced by the Department of Agriculture:

Meat Inspection Granted: Clover Packing Corp., 1201 E. Linden ave., Linden, N. J.; Cherry-Levis Food Products Co., 424 Christian st., Philadelphia 47, Pa.; Starkey Packing Co., Box 468, Clovis, N. Mex.; United Dressed Meats, 801 N. Regal st., Spokane 15, Wash.; D. & W. Packing Co., South State Line,

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The Great Lakes No. 200 Non-electric Roll Brander for beef gives clean legible impressions, attractive identification and steady dependable results. It permits beef to be branded with any company name, trade mark or grade mark desired. No skill required.

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8-Mill Plastic 27 x 36..\$ 9.00 per doz. 30 x 36.. 9.75 per doz. 36 x 40.. 11.15 per doz. 36 x 44.. 13.65 per doz.

BLACK or WHITE Extra Heavy 20-Mill Plastic 27 x 36..\$14.20 per doz. 30 x 36.. 15.50 per doz. 36 x 40.. 20.15 per doz. 36 x 45.. 22.60 per doz.

Full Length Sleeves \$14.25 per doz. pair Leggings, Hip Length \$25.75 per dox. pair 12-Mill Plastic

27 x 36..\$10.25 per doz. 30 x 36.. 11.15 per doz. 36 x 40.. 14.25 per doz. 36 x 44.. 15.80 per doz. BLACK or MAROON

Heavy Double Coated Neoprene 27 x 36..\$12.90 per doz. 30 x 36.. 14.00 per doz. 36 x 40.. 18.33 per doz. 36 x 44.. 20.50 per doz. Full Length Sleeves \$12.90 per dox, pair

Leggings, Hip Length \$23.50 per doz. pair

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Texarkana, Tex.; Armada Food Products Co., 5201 W. Grand ave., Chicago 39, Ill.; City Packing Corp., 500-522 E. 152d st., New York 55, N. Y.; Louie Heller & Sons, Inc., R. F. D. No. 2, Normal, Ill.; Wyandot Packing House, Route 1, Nevada, O.; Greater Omaha Packing Co., 5102 S. 26th st., Omaha 7, Nebr.

Horse Meat Inspection Granted: Ready Foods Co., foot of 59th ave. W., Lake ave. S., Duluth 2, Minn.

Meat Inspection Withdrawn: Nevada Packing Co., 4th and Alameda sts., mail P. O. box 750, Reno, Nev.; Wheatley Mayonnaise Co., Inc., 2440 S. Floyd st., Louisville, Ky.; California Golden State Salami Co., 601 Franklin st., Oakland, Calif.; C. Lehman Packing Co., Inc., 319–333 Johnson ave., Brooklyn 6, N. Y.; The Holscher Packing Co., P. O. drawer 39, Casper, Wyo.; Peterson-Owens, Inc., 426–428 W. 13th st., New York 14, N. Y.; Serv-U-Meat Co., 62 Madison st., Seattle 4, Wash.

Meat Inspection Extended: Hygrade Food Products Corp., 912 N. Main st., Vernon, Tex., to include Dunlevey Franklin Corp., A. Fink & Sons Co., Inc., Parker Webb Co., Klinck Packing Co., F. Schenk & Sons Co., Inc., Carmel Kosher Provision Co., Inc., Dold Packing Corp. and Sullivan Packing Co., Inc.

Change in Name of Official Establishment: Central Packing Co., 300 Central ave., Kansas City 18, Kans., instead of Campbell Soup Co. (Central Division); Elliott Packing Co., 37th ave.

West and Oneonta st., Duluth 1, Minn., instead of Elliott & Co.; Ceebee Packing Co., 3840 Emerald ave., Chicago 9, Ill., instead of Empire Packing Co.; Monarch Meat Packing Co., 1323 N. 6th st., Milwaukee 12, Wis., instead of National Tea Co.; Delsea Meat Co., E. Delsea dr., Pitman, N. J., instead of Louis A. Cross Co.; Lejax Packing Co., W. Lincoln Highway, Coatesville, Pa., instead of Coatesville Packing Co.; Geo. A. Hormel & Co., Platte ave. and Stockyards rd., Fremont, Nebr., instead of Fremont Packing Co.; O. J. K. Packing Corp., Hurley rd., Route 209, mail box 631, Uptown Postoffice, Kingston, N. Y., instead of Independent Meat Dealers Cooperative, Inc.; Kanelos Bros., Route 1, box 3360, Sacramento, Calif., instead of Kanelos Bros. & Cladianos; Dwares Provision Co., 58 Washington st., Pawtucket, R. I., instead of Pawtucket Packing Corp.; M. Rothschild & Sons, Inc., 224 N. Peoria st., Chicago 7, Ill., instead of M. Rothschild & Sons.

Change in Number of Official Establishment: Oscar Mayer & Co., Inc., Fisher and Water sts., Prairie du Chien, Wis., 537B instead of 929.

Change in Location of Official Establishment: Swift & Company, 319-321 Johnson ave., Brooklyn 6, N. Y., instead of 778 1st ave., New York 17, N. Y.; Hebrew National Kosher Sausage Co., Inc., 178 S. Elliott pl., Brooklyn 17, N. Y., instead of 155 E. Broadway, New York 2, N. Y.

Reliable's 25th Birthday

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(Continued from page 12.)

give the boiler room plenty of light. The boiler is a completely insulated unit permitting hand contact along its entire length and is gas and oil fired. Gas is used during the summer months when the rates are favorable. Boiler feedwater is treated to reduce the hardness from 8 to 2 grains and its rate of flow into the boiler is controlled by a Copes system which keeps the variation within the boiler to within 1 in.

As an aid to proper firing the plant has a Republic control board which plots the load, the CO₂ reading and the stack gas temperature and which, by a luminous dial, shows the fire box and last draft readings. The board tells the chief engineer whether maximum consustion has been achieved with the fuel

In keeping with its "show-me" attitude, the plant was among the first to flesh various pork skins to reclaim the skins which are sold to a gelatine mannfacturer. With a battery of three Townsend machines the firm fleshes and skins various pork cuts, such as ham fat, jowls, etc.

Utilization of its smokehouse is typical of the firm's operations. The unit is a three-story house with a 100-cage capacity. The heat within the house is provided by blowers and the smoke is generated on each of the three floors in units constructed by the plant's maintenance crew. The relationship of the



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R & M Electric Hoists Boost Output, Cut Costs

Speedy handling. Uninterrupted work schedules. Orderly, efficient job-to-job movement! R & M electric hoists really pay off in plant profits. They head the list of essential processing equipment. Here is construction that stands up under the most severe service—designs that are specifically adapted to your requirements. Easy and economical to operate . . . minimum maintenance. No meat packing plant, large or small, can afford to overlook the labor-saving, cost-saving advantages of R & M hoists.

Do All Lifting Jobs Faster and Better

R & M electric hoists are built in many sizes and types—for use in knocking pens . . . on bleeding and dressing floors . . . for handling crippled animals and paunch. Widen your profit margin—"Take It Up with R & M."



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manufacturing departments to the smokehouse keeps product movement to minimum. Cured bellies which are to be converted into sliced bacon are smoked on the bottom floor where the chilling, molding and slicing rooms are located. Meats which are to be boxed after smoking are smoked on the second foor adjacent to the smoked meat hanging room. The third floor is used to take care of the overflow.

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HOOF POWDER IS FOUND USEFUL AS ANIMAL FEED

In a series of experiments carried out with the support of Wilson & Co. of Chicago, University of Wisconsin scientists have found that hoofs and feathers used as sources of protein in animal feeding can give consistently good results if the material is carefully proc-

In recent experiments the scientists discovered that keratin-the type of protein found in hoofs and feathers-is of value for feeding purposes, and that these materials can be used for feed if they are very finely ground. Results, however, tended to be erratic, with some samples proving satisfactory, and others less so. New tests by Dr. Gordon Newall and Dr. C. A. Elvehjem have proved that uniform results can be obtained with hoof powder ground under carefully controlled conditions.

Experiments showed that when a ration contained 30 per cent of this hoof powder as the only source of protein, animals fed on it made very good growth. With 18 per cent, the growth was only moderate.

The tests indicated, however, that hoof powder is not as good feed as casein or milk protein because it is low in certain amino acids. When these amino acids were added in pure form, animals grew as well on 18 per cent hoof powder as they did on the same level of casein. The amino acid supplement consisted of 0.1 per cent tryptophane, 0.6 per cent lysine, 0.3 per cent methionine and 0.4 per cent histidine.

FLASHES ON SUPPLIERS

AIR-WAY PUMP & EQUIPMENT CO.: This manufacturer of air guns and air hose fittings recently announced removal of their plant to a new and modern building at 1050 N. Kilbourn ave., Chicago, Ill. The increased space and modern layout provided in the new plant will make it possible for the firm to meet production requirements.

FIRST SPICE MIXING CO.: R. Meidel, well known in the sausage manufacturing business, has joined the sales staff of this New York city firm, manufacturer of a full line of natural and concentrated seasonings, spices, etc. He will cover the Iowa, Wisconsin and Kansas sales territory.

Book Reviews

RAISING AND FEEDING BEEF CATTLE by E. T. Robbins, Circular 613 of the University of Illinois College of Agriculture Extension Service. 64 pages, well illustrated. Available on request from Extension Service, Illinois College of Agriculture, Urbana, Ill.

This circular, the last official service of the author before his retirement as professor of animal husbandry extension, culminates 22 years of study and articles on livestock topics. In it, Professor Robbins gives permanent form to his ideas on beef production and feeding, developed from intimate contact with Illinois beef producers, and from his own and his associates' research at the experiment station.

Chapters are devoted to raising beef cattle, selecting cattle for feeding, shelter and equipment needed, the place of forage and grain in a feeding program, the general principles of feeding, feeding methods, and examples of good rations.

Rations which were fed to choice and prime steers which have topped the market, along with the rations fed cattle falling in other grades, are described. Grades of feeder cattle and of market stock are illustrated and described. Feeding according to grade is emphasized, and methods are given for figuring costs.





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The No. 50 Sausage Truck has been one of our most popular items. These trucks will be in even greater demand now that they are available with the new DuPont Neoprene wheel which eliminates the separation of the tread due to the corrosion of the core which is a serious problem with old style rubber-tired metal wheels. These are complete with roller bearing grease-retaining washer, plated hub caps and grease fitting.

With Plain Bearing metal wheels \$46.25

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G. JAMES CO. also Represents Some 40 Other Lines of Equipment for the Food Industries

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MARKET SUMMARY

Pork-Lamb Hogs-

HOGS

Chicago hog market this week: mostly the higher; other markets 25c to \$1.00 higher. Thurs. Week

	W 22 CHILL ED 6	**
Chicago, top	\$27.75	ago \$27.25
4 day avg	22.34	21.81
Kan, City top	27.25	26.25
Omaha, top	27.35	27.00
St Louis, top	27.75	27.25
Corn Belt, top	26.75	26.00
St. Paul, top	27.50	26.50
Indianapolis, top	28.25	27.50
Cincinnati, top	28.00	27.75
Raltimore, top	28.00	27.75
Receipts 20 markets		
4 days	273,000	294,000
Slaughter-		
Fed. Insp.*	799,000	830,000
Cut-out 180-		
results220 1		
This week\$1.1		
Last week 1.0	-1.77	- 3.94

PORK

Chicago:			
Reg. hams,			
all wts54	@55	54	@541/2
Loins, 12/1648	@49	48	@49
Bellies, 8/12	51		50
Pienics,			
all wts24	@39	251	4@381/4
Reg. trim-			
mings 181	@191/2	183	4@19
New York:			
Loins, 8/1256	@58	55	@56
Butts, all wts43	@44	43	@44

LAMBO

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LAN	103	
Chicago, top	\$24.50	\$25.50
Kan. City, top		25.50
Omaha, top	24.00	25.50
St. Louis, top	24.75	25.75
St. Paul, top	24.25	25.00
Receipts 20 markets		
4 days	160,000	165,000
Slaughter-		
Fed. Insp.*	308,000	276,000
Dressed lamb prices:		
Chicago, choice		50@52
New York, choice		50@53

Cattle—Beef—Veal

CATTLE

Chicago cattle market for the week: Higher for most grades. Steers, 50c to \$1.00 higher; heifers, 25c to 50c higher; cows, steady to 50c higher; canners and cutters, 25c to 50c higher; bulls, steady to 25c higher; calves, steady.

	Thurs.	Week
Chicago steer top	\$31.85	\$32.50
4 day cattle avg	27.75	28.25
Chi. bol. bull top	18.50	18.75
Chi. cut. cow top	13.50	13.50
Chi. can cow top	11.50	11.50
Kan. City, top	31.25	29.00
Omaha, top	32.25	32.00
St. Louis, top	28.00	28.50
St. Paul, top	27.50	31.50
Receipts 2 markets		
4 days	241,000	271,000
Slaughter-		
Fed. Insp.*	303,000	289,000

Carcass, good, all wts.;	
Chicago43 1/2 @45	44 @451/
New York43 1/2 @45	44 1/2 @ 46 1/2
Chi. cut., Nor241/2@25	26
Chi. can., Nor.241/2@25	26

Chi. bol. bulls., dressed28 @281/2 29 @291/2

CALVES

Chicago, top \$24.50	\$25.00
Kan. City, top 22.00	23.00
Omaha, top 21.00	21.00
St. Louis, top 23.50	25.50
St. Paul, top 25.00	26.00
Slaughter-	
Fed. Insp.*163,000	138,000
Dressed veal:	
Good, Chicago32@35	32@37
Good, New York34@36	34@38

*Week ended July 19.

	the first
Hog Cut-Out38	Tallows and Groces44
Carlot Provisions41	Vegetable Oils45
Lard	Mides 46
L. C. L. Prices40	Livestock48

DETAILED INFORMATION INDEX

Hides—Fats—By-Products

HIDES

Chicago packer hides: Active and higher; calf, steady; kips, easier.

rs.	Week ago
28	27@27%
80	80
55	571/2
26	22@26
	55

TALLOW, GREASES, ETC.

Chicago	tallow:	Top	grades	fully
steady; l	ower gra	des eas	sy.	
Fancy ta	llow		12	12

Chicago grease: Top grades steady; lower grades easier.

Choice white

11% 11%@12 grease

Chicago By-Products: Mostly steady.

Dry rend.		
tankage	2.00	*2.00
10-11% tank *7.50@	7.75	*7.50@7.75
Blood	7.00	*6.50@6.75
Digester tankage		
60% \$10	6.00	\$101.00
Cottonseed oil,		*
Val & S. E21b		21b

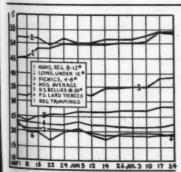
^{*}F.O.B. shipping point.

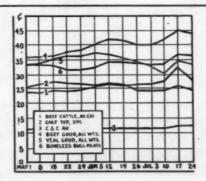
LARD

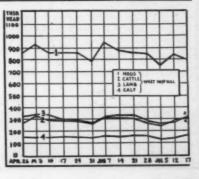
Lard-	-Cash	9		17.57 1/2 ax	18.65ax
	Loose			15.25ax	15.62 1/2 ax
	Leaf			14.25n	14.62 %n

LIVESTOCK CAR LOADINGS

A total of 11,402 cars were loaded with livestock during the week ended July 12, according to the Association of American Railroads. This was 8,991 cars below the same week a year ago and 1,891 cars below the same week in 1945.







Federally Inspected Meat Production 3% Above Last Week; 21% Under Year Ago

Production of meat under federal inspection for the week ended July 19 totaled 303,000,000 lbs., according to the U. S. Department of Agriculture. This was 3 per cent above the 295,000,000 lbs. reported for the preceding week, but 21 per cent below the 386,000,000 lbs. recorded for the corresponding week last year.

Cattle slaughter for the week was estimated at 303,000 head, 5 per cent above 289,000 slaughtered in the previous week, but 10 per cent below 338,000 recorded for the same week a year ago. Beef production was calculated at 148,000,000 lbs., compared with 141,000,000 lbs. in the preceding week and 167,000,000 lbs. processed in the comparable week a year ago.

Calf slaughter was estimated at 163,-000 head. This was 18 per cent above the 138,000 reported in the preceding week and 6 per cent above the 154,000 in the same week last year. Output of inspected veal for the three weeks under comparison was 19,100,000, 15,500,000 and 19,700,000 lbs., respectively.

Hog slaughter was estimated at 799,-000 head, 4 per cent below 830,000 head slaughtered during the preceding week and 23 per cent below 1,040,000 recorded for the same week in 1946. Estimated pork production was 123,000,000 lbs, compared with 128,000,000 in the previous week and 183,000,000 in the week under comparison lagt year. Lard production totaled 34,300,000 lbs., compared with 36,600,000 the week before and 31,300,000 in the same week last year.

The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during the week was estimated at 308,000 head, 12 per cent above 276,000 reported for the preceding week but 22 per cent below 396,000 processed in the same period last year. Production of inspected lamb and mut-

ton in the three weeks under comparison amounted to 12,300,000, 11,000,000 and 15,600,000 lbs., respectively.

GRADING OF MEAT IN MAY

Official grading of meats, meat products and by-products during May, compared with April and with May, 1946, is reported by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, in thousands of lbs. (i.e. "000" omitted) as follows:

1	May 1947 ,000 lb.	April 1947 1,000 lb.	1900 1,000 m
Fresh and frozen:			1000
Beef		275,532	500.00
Veal	18,704	17,786	74.5
Lamb	16,227	16,637	52 800
Yearling and mutton.	1,847	615	12.00
Pork	1.011	1.100	-
Meats, canned3		****	- 33,00
Meats, cured	1,570	1.421	12.11
Lard ⁸	146	276	00 Att
Lard substitutes and			
edible tallow	49	56	-
Sausage and ground			-
meats	1.029	1,207	
Miscellaneous ments4	448	375	
Total meats and lards.	329.878	315,014	200 000
Oleomargarine and			-
oleo oil	2.131	2,905	
Horse meat:	-,	-,	1002
Canned	104	610	1.00
Cured			***
Hog casings (1000			-
hundles)			

Includes all gradings for the Commodity Co-Corporation. Figures for camed meats are incoplete as an undetermined amount is included wi the cured meats classification. Includes pork in fluctudes beef suct. Totals based on unresident

CHICAGO PROV. SHIPMENTS

Provision shipments from Chicago for the week ended July 19, 1947:

Weei July 1		Cor. wk. 1946
Cured meats, pounds20,941, Fresh meats,	000 22,200,000	18,200,000
pounds 44,931, Lard, pounds 4,481,	000 38,755,000 000 4,046,000	30,530,000

ESTIMATED FEDERALLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER AND MEAT PRODUCTION

				Week end	led July :	19, 1947	, with co	mparison			
	We End		Ве	ef	Ve	al	Po (excl.		Lamb		Total meat
			Number 1,000	Prod. mil. lb.	Number 1,000	Prod. mil. lb		Prod. mil. lb.	Number 1,000	Prod. mil. lb.	Prod. mil. lb.
July July July	19, 12, 20,	1947 1947 1946	289 338	148.5 141.0 167.4	163 188 154	19.1 15.5 19.7	799 830 1040	$\begin{array}{c} 123.0 \\ 127.8 \\ 183.0 \end{array}$	308 276 396	12.3 11.0 15.6	302.9 295.3 385.7
					VERAGE	WEIG	HTS-LB	S.		LARD	PROD.
	End		Live	ttle Dressed	Calv Live D		Hogs Live Dre		Sheep & lambs e Dresse	Per 100 d lbs.	Total mil. Ibs.
July July July	19, 12, 20,	1947 1947		490 488 495	208 202 231	117 112 128	283 1		8 40 8 40 7 39	15.3 15.6 10.3	34.3 36.6 31.3

CUT-OUT TEST THIS WEEK SHOWS GREATER MINUS MARGINS FOR ALL BUTCHER STOCK

(Chicago costs and credits, first three days of week)

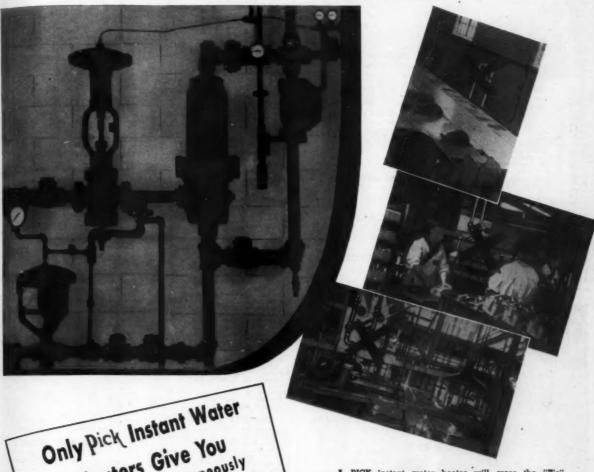
Total product values were up to slightly higher levels this week but sharply rising live animal costs more than offset this increase, resulting in poorer cutting results for all weights of hogs. Light stock cut out with a minus \$1.12 margin, compared with \$1.05 last week, but remain in the strongest position. Medium and heavy weight butchers registered minus margins of \$2.01 and \$4.35, respectively. With an extreme spread between values of light and heavy products, hogs in the latter class cut

very poorly.

This test is computed for illustrative purposes only. Each packer should figure his own test using actual costs, credits, yields and realizations. Beginning with next week, skinned hams will be substituted for the regulars now quoted in the light and medium weight averages. This change is necessary in order to keep the test in line with the operations of most packers.

	180	220 lbs			22	20-240 1	bs.—			2	40-270	lbs	
		1	/alue			-	Va	lue ·				Va	lue
Pct. live wt.	Pct. Pr fin. p yield li		per cwt. fin. yield	Pct. live wt.	Pet. fin. yield	Price per lb.	per cwt. alive	per cwt. fin. yield	Pet. live wt.	Pet. fin. yield	Price per lb.	per ; cwt. alive	per cwt. fin. yield
Regular hams 13.9	8.1 36 6.0 44 14.5 56 15.8 56 4.2 16 3.2 16 18.4 12 2.3 35 4.6 16 2.0 16	3.7 \$ 7.46 3.3 2.11 3.0 1.67 3.5 5.36 3.8 5.55 3.8 5.55 3.8 5.55 5.7 1.97 5.7 1.97 5.8	3 3.10 7 2.41 7 7.77 7.77 2 7.96 3 .82 1 .47 2 .89 3 .91 8 .86 8 .86 9 .43 1 .00	13.7 5.4 4.1 9.8 9.5 2.1 3.2 3.0 2.2 11.0 1.6 2.9 2.0	19.4 7.7 5.8 13.8 13.4 3.0 4.5 4.2 3.1 15.8 2.3 4.2 2.8	53.5 37.6 39.5 47.0 49.2 27.8 13.0 19.3 14.3 15.7 81.5 18.6	\$ 7.38 2.02 1.61 4.60 4.66 .58 .42 .58 .31 1.73 .50 .54 .80 .75	\$10.38 2.90 2.29 6.49 6.59 .83 .59 .81 .44 2.48 .72 .78 .41 1.07	12.9 5.3 4.1 9.7 3.9 8.5 4.5 4.3 2.2 10.1 1.6 2.8 2.0	18.1 7.4 5.7 13.4 5.5 12.0 6.4 4.8 3.1 14.5 2.2 4.1 2.8	55,5 33,6 33,8 35,5 45,2 27,8 13,5 19,3 14,5 15,7 22,5 18,6 14,8	\$ 7.16 1.77 1.38 3.43 1.75 2.35 .61 .65 .81 1.59 .36 .52 .39	2.49 1.98 4.76 2.49 3.31 .88 .00 41 2.28 .50 .70 .41 1.06
TOTAL YIELD AND VALUE 60.0	100.0 .	Per cwt. alive \$27.18	2 \$39.45	70.5	100.0	Per ewt aliv		\$36.78	71.0	100.0	Pe ewi aliv	t. re	\$32.50
Condemnation loss		1.08	Per cwt. fin. vield			.1	3 Pe	fin.	1		-	.13 .81	Per cwt. fin. yield
TOTAL COST PER CWT		\$28.34 27.22	\$41.07 39.45			\$27.9 25.9	4 1	39.62 36.78		10	827. 22	.28	\$38.42 32.80
Cutting margin		-\$ 1.12 - 1.05	\$ 1.62 1.53			-\$ 2.0 - 1.7	7 =	\$ 2.84 2.51	1	1	- 8 4		\$ 6.12 5.58

CROSS YOUR 77'S For Safe Hot Water Efficiency!



Only Pick Instant Water

Heaters Give You

Hot Water Instantaneously

Hot Water Instantaneously

from 10 to 200 Gallons Per Min.

Absolute Temperature Control

Absolute Temperature Control

from 40° to 180° F.

from 40° to 180° F.

Complete Safety as an Integral

Complete Safety as an Integral

Part of the Heater Design . . .

A PICK instant water heater will cross the "T's" right out of your picture!

PICK's "pressurizer piston" assures you of a constant flow of hot water at the exact temperature required in each department. No fussing with valves for hand mixing . . . no bulky storage tanks. Simply set the thermostat, open the water valve, and you have hot water! There's no danger of flashback, since the steam valve shuts off automatically if water supply pressure fails.

Heaters are pre-engineered and factory assembled—in seven sizes with maximum capacities ranging from 10 to 200 gallons of hot water per minute. PICK engineers will help you to select the particular model that will solve your hot water problems most efficiently.

. A patented feature, exclusive with PICK

FOR FURTHER DETAILS, WRITE DEPT. 11

Made by PICK MANUFACTURING CO. WEST BEND, WISCONSIN, U. S. A.



ment May, May,

May 1900 1,000 h. 500,000 74,700 53,000 12,700 26,700

22,00 00,40 00,00 1,60 1,60

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NTS

Cor. wk. 1946 1,290,660 3,520,666 1,834,660

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line

10.95 2.49 1.98 4.78 4.78 2.49 3.34 .86 .90 .41 2.28 .50 .76 .41 1.06

cwt. n. eld 8.42 2.30 6.12 5.55

MEAT AND SUPPLIES PRICES

Chicago

WHOLESALE FRESH MEATS CARCASS BEEF

	Week ended July 23, 1947 per. lb.
Choice native steers-	
All weights	
Good native steers .	
All weights	44@45
Commercial native steers-	
All weights	39@40
Cow, commercial	30@32
Cow, canner and cutter.	22@241/2
Hindquarters, choice	53@55
Forequarters, choice	
Cow, hindquarter, comm.	34@37
Cow, forequarter, comm.	
cow, torequarter, commi	

BEEF CUTS

Steer loin, choice
Steer loin, good
Steer loin, commercial65@68
Steer round, choice 49@51%
Steer round, good
Steer rib, choice
Steer rib, good54@57
Steer rib, commercial47@50
Steer rib, utility 30
Steer sirioin, choice80@85
Steer, sirloin, commercial45@52
Steer chuck, choice
Steer chuck, good40@41
Steer chuck, commercial37@39
Steer brisket, choice 40
Steer brisket, choice
Steer brinket, good 40
Steer back, choice 451/2
Steer back, good 441/2
Steer back, good
mind shanks
Beef tenderloins
Steer plates

CALF

Choice, 225 t										
Good, 225 lb										
Commercial										
Utility		۰	۰		۰			0		$.23 \times 28$

Extra STRENGTH for Heavy Duty

Brains 6 6 7 Hearts
Hearts
Tongues, select, 3 lbs. & up. fresh or fros28 @29
fresh or from
Tripe, cooked10 @10%
Livers, selected48 @50
Kidneys
Cheek meat
Lips 5 @ 6
Lungs 4%@ 5%
Melts 6%@ 7

FRESH PORK AND

PORK PRODUCTS
Fresh sk. ham, 8/1858@58½ Reg. pork loins, und. 12 lb54@56
Picnics
Spareribs, under 3 lbs
Boneless butts, c.t
Pigs' feet, front
Livers
Ears
WEAL-HIDE OFF
Choice carcass
Commercial carcass28@29 Utility24

LAMBS

Commercial Utility ...

Good la											
Utility		 	0	0 0				0 1	 ۵		. 30@32
		W	U	т	7	re	0	N			
Good an	d ch										.19@20
Commer											
Cull		 		0.0					 a.	P. 19	.13@15

· Extra stout stays and

SAUSAGE CASINGS

(F. O. B. Chicago) (Prices quoted to manufacturers of sausage.) Beef casings:

neur castage.	
Domestic rounds, 1% to	
1% in., 180 pack35	@ 40
Domestic rounds, over 11/4	
in., 140 pack45	@55
Export rounds, wide, over	
1¼ in65	@75
Export rounds, medium,	
1% to 11/240	@50
Export rounds, narrow,	-
1% in. under	@90
No. 1 weasands, 24 in. up.11	@12
No. 1 weasands, 22 in. up. 9	@11
No. 2 weasands 6	@ 8
Middle sewing, 1%@	
2 in	@1.20
Middles, select, wide,	
2@2¼ in1.2	5@1.35
Middles, select, extra,	
24 @24 in1.4	0@1.60
Middles, select, extra,	
21/2 in. & up	0@2.15
Beef bungs, export No. 115	@21
Beef bungs, domestic 9	W14
Dried or salted bladders,	
per piece:	
12-15 in. wide, nat12	921359
12-15 in. wide, flat12 10-12 in. wide, flat 8 8-10 in. wide, flat 5	98 975
8-10 in. wide, mat 5	6 679
Pork casings:	
Extra narrow, 20 mm. &	m = 0
dn2.7	3@3.00
Narrow mediums, 29@32	e 69 00
mm	15 GO 60
Spe. medium, 35@38 mm.2.1	0402.00
Wide, 38@43 mm2.0	062.00
Export bungs, 34 in. cut.34	697
Laport bungs, of in. cut.or	Rot
Large prime bungs, 34 in. cut29	@32
Medium prime bungs,	di com
34 in. cut20	@23
Small prime bungs13	
Middles, per set30	@33
samuaca, per met	200
CUDING MATERIA	

Nitrite of soda (Chgo. w'hse) in 425-lb. bbls., del\$	8.75
Saltpeter, n. ton, f.o.b. N. Y.:	0.00
Dbl. refined gran	9 80
Small crystals	12.00
Medium crystals	18.90
Pure rfd., gran. nitrate of soda.	4.50
Pure rfd. powdered nitrate of	
Salt, in min. car of 80,000 lbs.	oted
Salt, in min. car of 80,000 lbs.	
only, f.o.b. Chgo., per ton:	
Granulated, kiln dried	9.70
Medium, kiln dried	
Rock, bulk, 40 ton cars	9.00
Sugar-	
Raw, 96 basis, f.o.b.	
New Orleans	5.20
Standard gran., f.o.b. refiners	
(2%)	6.10
Packers' curing sugar, 250 lb.	
bags, f.o.b. Reserve, La.,	
	5.15
less 2%	0.10
Dextrose, in car lots, per cwt.,	
(cotton)	4.80
in paper bags	4.75
SAUSAGE MATERIALS	3

Reg. pork trin							
Sp. lean pork							
Ex. lean pork							
Pork cheek me							
Boneless bull	mea	τ	* *		* *	31	6314
Boneless chuck	. 83				.,		***
Shank meat							
Beef trimming Dressed cannet							- ***
Dressed cannel	rs .			* *	* *	26	@ 264
Dressed cutter	601	W8.	**			27	@274
Dressed bologu							
Pork tongues						21	@22

WHOLESALE SMOKED MEATS

T

Fancy regular hams, 14/18 lbs., parchment

Paper Fancy skinned hams, 14/18 lbs., parchment

Square 8 lb No. 1 Insi	m, 8 lb. cut see down, beef set des. C G	isket off, down, wr dless bac wrap s, smoked rade	ap	74 an
Knu		Grade		****
(Basis	Cheo.	orig. bbla	bars	balling
,			Whole	Granu
Res	ce, prime		28 29	44
		******	3	6645
Ginge	r. Jam.,	unbl19 %	21 2	192
Mace, Eas	fcy. Bar t Indies	da	1.8	001.8 501.8
Musta No.	rd, flour,	fey		35
		utmeg		1686
Peppe	r, Cayen	ish	3	9646 9646
Peppe	er Packer		4	7 600
Peppe	r, black	******	- 4	1190
Mince	d lunche	on spec.,	ch.353	5 6 37 }
Blood	sausage	*******		***
Souse	eameage		413	4 9 28 1

FANCY MEATS

Tongues,	cor	n	e	đ							٠										41
Veal bres	ıds,	1	u	n	₫	e	£	Н	6	ľ	6	8									6
6 to 12	og.						œ		9				•					0	٥		80
12 os. 1	m		0			0	0	0	۰	Q	0	9	0	0	0	0	۰	۰	,	.1	.66
Beef kids	neys	8		0		0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0		0		2	04	M
Lamb fri	es .				,														8	п	\mathbf{z}
Beef live	TB .																				u
Ox tails	und	61	r	1	×	ľ	1	b												2	14
Over 9	i lb).																	,		a

DRY SAUSAGE

Cervelat, ch. hog bungs78	Q74
Churinger40	G42 .
Farmer	@58
Holsteiner	@58
B. C. Salami	
B. C. Salami, new, cond	381/6
Genoa style salami, ch	84
Pepperoni	41
Mortadella, new condition Cappicola (cooked)	81
Italian style hams	76

DOMESTIC SANSAN	
Pork sausage, bog casings. Pork sausage, bulk	37½ 36½
Frankfurters, sheep casings Frankfurters, hog casings	42
Bologna	3014
Smoked liver, hog bungs43	644

BEEDS AND HEN	80	
Whole		Heun.
Caraway seed30@32 Cominos seed28@35 Mustard sd., fcy. yel.24@27	33	640
American25@283 Marjoram, Chilean15@18 Oregano21@22	19	620 626





CHICAGO PROVISION MARKETS

From The National Provisioner Daily Market Service

CASH PRICES

CARLOT TRADING LOOSE I	BASIS	PICNICS Fronh or Frozen 8.1				
BASIS		4- 6	39 38@38¼	39 38 14		
THURSDAY, JULY 24, 10	947	8-10 10-12	30	· 30		
REGULAR HAMS		12-14	24@24%	241/2		
Fresh or Frozen	8.P.	8-up, No. 2's	24@24%			
8-10 55n 10-12 55n	55n 55n			****		
19.14 D4 1/2 B	54%n.	I	ELLIES			
14-16 54n	54n	Frenk	or Frozen	Cured		
BOILING HAMS		6- 8 8-10	51 51	51 1/4 @ 52 52		
Fresh or Frozen	S.P.	10-12	51	52		
16-18 53n	53n	12-14	49	50 49		
18-29 51 ½n 20-22 47 ½n	51%n 47%n	16-18 18-20	43	44		
SKINNED HAMS						
Fresh or Frozen	8.P.	D.8	BELLIES	Clear		
10-12 57 ½ 12-14 57 13-14 57 14-18 57 14-18 55-½-@56 13-20 54 23-22 56 24-34 47 24-35 42 25-30 37	57% n 57n 57n 55% n 54n 50n 47n 42n 37a	20-25 25-30 30-35 35-40 40-50	AT BACKS	29 29 28 @ 28 ½ 26 ¾ 24 ½ 21		
25-up; No. 2's		Gree	n or Frozen	Cure		
шс оо	0000	6-8		14		
OTHER D.S. MEATS		8-10		14		
Fresh or Frozen	Cured	10-12	14 14 14 14	143		

LARD FUTURES PRICES

Reg. plates... 22m Clear plates... 17m Square jowls... 24 Jowl butts.... 18%@19

D

626m

6160

E

37½ 36½ 42 41½ 37 36½ @44 @57

Ground or Saus. 41/4 @37 3 @40

18

1947

MO	NDAY,	July 21,	1947
Ope	en Hig	h Low	Close
Jul			18.90a
Sep 19.	15 19.7	0 19.00	19.05b
Oct 19.	821/4 19.8	321/4 19.20	19.20a
Nov 19.	871/2 19.5		
Dec 20.	15 20.1	15 19.60	19.65a
Jan			. 19.80n

Sales: 3,730,000 lbs. onset: 0, 100,000 IDE.

Open intercent at close Fri., Jul. 18:
Jul., 2: Sep., 803: Oct., 17: Nov.,
19i; "Dec., 73: "Jan., 13: at close
8at., Jul. 19: Jul., none; Sep., 807;
Oct., 19: Nov., 203: "Dec., 75; Jan.,
12 (*40,000 lb. lots).

TUESDAY, July 22, 1947

Jul			18.35a
Sep19.00	19.17%	18.00	18.40b
0et18.75	18.75	18.55	18.55
Nov., 19.30	19.45	18.45	18.72%
Dec19.65	19.70	18.87%	19.20
Jan			19.20b
Sales: 5,56	0,000 lbs	1.	

Open interest at close Mon., Jul. 21: Sep., 811; Oct., 20; Nov., 203; *Dec., 76 and *Jnn. 13 (*40,000 lb. lots).

WEDNESDAY, July 23, 1947

Jul18.15	18.20	18.15	18,20b
Sep18.40	18.50	18.30	18.40
Oct18.4736	18.60	18.47%	18,60b
Nov 18.55	18.77%	18.55	18.70
Dec19.00	19.40	18.90	19.35
Jan19.20	19.40	19.20	19.40b
D-1 0 000	0 000 11		

Open interest at close Tues., Jul. 22: Sep., \$20; Oct., 21; Nov., 200; *Dec., 79; *Jan., 13 (*40,000 lb. lots).

THURSDAY, July 24, 1947

DE	18.30	18.35	17.57%	17.72 1/4
0e	t18.30	18.30	17.75	17.85b
No	718.621/4	18.6214	17.9236	18.021/2
De	e19.00	19.00	18.55	18.70
Jai	118.80	18.80	18.75	18.75b
Ma	r19.20	19.20	19.15	19.15a
1	falor Abo	ne 9 500	000 lbs	

Open interest at close Wed., Jul. 22: Jul., 1; Sep., 832; Oct., 23; Nov., 307; *Dec., 86; *Jan., 13 (*40,000 lb. lts).

FRIDAY, July 25, 1947

Sep17.65	18.1214	17.50	17.95
9et17.85	18.20	17.62%	18.10
Nev 18.021/2	18.421/2	17.80	18.25a
Bec 18.65	19.371/2	18,65	19.15a
Jan 18.70	19.40	18.70	19.24a
Mar., 19,30	19.50	19.30	19 50h

Sales: About 3,500,000 lbs. Open interest at close Thurs., July 21: Sep., 843; Oct., 27; Nov., 217; **Bec., 90: **Jan., 14, and **Mar., 1 (*46,600 lb.) lots.

CANADIAN KILL

Inspected slaughter in Canada for week ended July 12 as reported by the Dominion Department of Agriculture:

CATTLE

Western C Eastern C	anada		Last Year 16,998 13,037
Total		21,796	30,035
	H	ogs	
Western C			29,302 30,705
Total .		73,787	60,007
	83	CEEP	
Western C			8,606 6,208
Total .	******	8,547	14,814

SOUTHERN LIVESTOCK KILL

					J	une, 1947	June, 1946
Cattle						.44,859	23,850
						.25,757	14,398
						.57,483	33,358
Sheep		0	0	0		. 1,476	9,398

PACKERS' WHOLESALE LARD PRICES

Refined lard, tierces, f.o.b. Chgo
Kettle rend., tierces, f.o.b. Chgo
Leaf, kettle rend, tierces f.o.b. Chgo
Neutral, tierces, f.o.b. Chicago 18.62%
Standard shortening N.25.50-8.25.50 Shortening, tierces, c.a.f.
N. & S. Hydrogenated . 25.50@27.25 *Del'd.

WEEK'S LARD PRICES

	Tierces	Loose	Lear
	P.S. Lard	P.S. Lard	Raw
July 21	18.90a	15.75n	14.75n
July 22	18.35n	15.75n	14.75n
July 28	18.20n	15.621/n	14.62 %n
July 24	17.57%a	15.25a	14.25n
July 25	17.80	15.50b	14.50n



that a Sawyer apron really protects the worker and gives maximum wear.

When you buy a FROG Brand (Oiled) apron, you are sure of buying one of the best industrial aprons manufactured.



H. M. SAWYER & SON CO. 28 THORNDIKE STREET

EAST CAMBRIDGE 41.





A Fine Precision Tool-

Here is the first real improvement in a beef scribe saw. Perfectly balanced! Light weight! Rugged and will stand the severest use! Made from tough, light weight aluminum alloy.

Can be taken apart in an instant by releasing a single wing screw. Properly balanced and proportioned. Uses standard beef scribe saw blades.

IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT FROM STOCK

KOCH BUTCHERS' SUPPLY CO

NORTH KANSAS CITY 16, MO.

MARKET PRICES New York

DRESSED BEEF CARCASSES City Dressed

																	ly 22,
hoice.	ni	at	ti	V	e	3	h	ei	n	v	y					48	@50%
boice,	n	al	ti	¥	e	1	li	g	h	t						4734	@491/2
ood													0			45%	@49
omm.																	
an. &																	
Itility															4	30%	@ 321/2
3ol. bu	n							0	0	0	0			0		301/2	@311/2

BEEF CUTS

																		Ci	tj	y
		ribs.																		
No.	2	ribe.			٠											۰	.!	56€	Ď.	57
No.	1	loins			÷													746	ē.	77
No.	2	loins.																		
No.	1	hinds	a	nd	ì	r	ib	16										566	Đ.	57
No.	2	hinds	a	DO	1	P	lb	KS										546	2	58
No.	1	round	ds.									۰						516	ġ.	52
	2		is.		×				۰		'n.		ě.					516	Đ.	52
		chuel																		
		chue																		
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No.	1	fiani	ks.															196	Œ.	21
No.	2	flan	ks.								4					0		196	æ.	21
No.		top s	irl	oi	n	8								0				60€	Z)	6:
No.	2	top s	irl	oi	a	S.			*	×		*	×		×	*	ď	60€	2	6:
Roll	ls,	reg.	46	@ (6	1	bı	8.		a	¥									
Rol	ls,	reg.	6		8	1	bı	8.		a	V				*					
		-	-																	

FRESH PORK CUTS

Shoulders, regular	40@42
Butts, regular 3/8	46@47
Pork loins, fresh, 12 lbs. dn	
Hams, regular, under 14 lbs	.56@58
Hams, skinned, fresh, under	*600
14 lbs	
Picnics, fresh, bone in	.40@42
Pork trimmings, ex. lenn	
Pork trimmings, regular Spareribs, medium	
Bellies, sq. cut, seedless, 8/12	
betties, sq. cut, seemess, o/ 12	.ozwoo
	City
Pork loins, fr., 10/12 lbs	.56@58
Shoulders, regular	.56@58 .82@34
Shoulders, regular	.56@58 .82@34 .57@58
Shoulders, regular	.56@58 .32@34 .57@58 .59@60
Shoulders, regular	.56@58 .82@34 .57@58 .59@60 .40@41
Shoulders, regular Hams, regular, under 14 lbs Hams, sknd., under 14 lbs Picnics, bone in Pork trim, ex. lean	.56@58 .82@34 .57@58 .59@60 .40@41 .42@44
Shoulders, regular Hams, regular, under 14 lbs Hams, sknd., under 14 lbs Picnics, bone in Pork trim, ex. lean. Pork trim, regular.	.56@58 .82@34 .57@58 .59@60 .40@41 .42@44 .20@21
Shoulders, regular Hams, regular, under 14 lbs. Hams, sknd., under 14 lbs. Picnics, bone in. Pork trim, ex. lean. Pork trim, regular. Spareribs, medium	.56@58 .82@34 .57@58 .59@60 .40@41 .42@44 .20@21
Shoulders, regular Hams, regular, under 14 lbs. Hams, sknd., under 14 lbs. Picnics, bone in. Pork trim, ex. lean. Pork trim, regular. Spareribs, medium Booton butts, 3/8 lbs.	.56@58 .82@34 .57@58 .59@60 .40@41 .42@44 .20@21 .43@44 .48@49
Shoulders, regular Hams, regular, under 14 lbs. Hams, sknd., under 14 lbs. Picnics, bone in. Pork trim, ex. lean. Pork trim, regular. Spareribs, medium	.56@58 .82@34 .57@58 .59@60 .40@41 .42@44 .20@21 .43@44 .48@49

FANCY MEATS

Veal breads,	10	n	d	le	P		0	}	4	ı	ı,					
6 to 12 oz.																
12 oz. up															۰	1.0
Beef kidneys															٠	
Lamb fries .			۰													. 1
Beef livers																- 6
Ox tails unde	r	1	¥		1	lk	ì.									. 1
Oxtails over	%		1	b	١.					'n.				 		

DRESSED HOGE

			****	-
Hogs, gd. &	ch.,	hd.	en, b	f. fat is
100 to 136	lbs.			
137 to 153	ibs.			99.67.77
154 to 171	lhs.			39641
172 to 188	lbs.			MGU
	L	AM	BS	-1100
	_			
Choice lambs				
Good lambs				
Commercial				

.....

	ATUT-OVIN OLL
City 9@62 6@57 4@77 2@74	Choice carcass Good carcass Commercial carcass Utility
6@57 4@55	CALF
1@52 1@52	Wester
2043	Good
1@42	Good
0@42	Commercial
0@42	Utility
9@21 9@21	BUTCHERS' FAT

CANADIAN JUNE KILL

In its report of Justial slaughter of livestock in isspected plants in Canada, the Dominion Department of Agriculture gives the Justial Agriculture gives the Justial States at 170.1 lbs.; cattle, 510.7 lbs.; cattle, 510.7 lbs.; cattle, 510.7 lbs.; catves, 102.4 lbs., and sheep and lambs, 52.9 lbs. This compares with 164.9, 508.0 107.4, and 50.3 lbs., respectively, a year ago, and is higher for each class, except calves. The numbers of livestock slaughtered are reported as follows:

							June 1947	June . 1946
Cattle							80,905	100,000
Calves							75,000	69,974
Hogs							330,626	280,182
Sheep								37,216

WESTERN DRESSED MEATS AT NEW YORK

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1947 All quotations in dollars per cwt. FRESH BEEF-STEER & HEIFER:

Choice:							
350-500	lbs.	 	 				None
500-600	lbs.						.\$45.00-45.50
600-700	lbs.						. 45.00-46.00
700-800	lbs.					0	. 45.50-46.50
Good:							
350-500	lbs.						. 43,50-44.00
500-600	lbs.						. 44.00-44.50
600-700	lbs.						. 44.00-45.00
700-800	lbs.						. 44.50-45.00
Commerc	cial:						
350-600							. 39.00-41.00

600-700	lbs.		40.00-42.00
Utility: 350-600	lbs.		None
ow:			
Utility,	all w	all wts	27.00-29.00
		vts	

FRESH VEAL AND CALF: SKIN OFF, CARCASS:

DELIN OF	E 3 U4	3.4	*	v	4	ы	9	8	4			
Choice:												
80-130												36.00-39.0
130-170	lbs.							۰	0	0	٠	85.00-40.0
Good:												
50- 80	lbs.											34.00-36.0
80-130												34.00-36.0
130-170	lbs.											31.00-35.0

Commerc	cial:							
50- 80	Ibs.							30.00-33.00
80-130	Ibs.							30.00-32.00
130-170	lbs.				.0		,	29.00-81.00
Utility,	all w	ri	R			0	0	22.00-27.00

FRESH LAMB AND MUTTON:

SPRIN	G	LAM	B			
Choice	e:					
30-	40	lbs.				48.00-50.00
40-	45	Iba.				49.00-51.00
45-	50	Iba.				49.00-51.00
50-	60	Ibe.				None
Good:						
30-	40	Iba.				44,00-46.00
40-	45	The.				46,00-47.00
45-	50	lbs.				47,80-40.00
50-	60	lbs.				None
						40.00-44.00
Utilit						
MUTTO	N	(EW	E).	70	lbs.	Du.:
Good	١.					19.00-21.00

Commercial 17.00-19.00 Utility 15.00-17.00 FRESH PORK CUTS: Loins No. 1 (BLADELESS INCL.)

(DAME																-
8-10	lbs.									10	*	*	×		55.00-57	
10.19	Tha														20.00-04	see.
19.16	1ba														49,00,00	APV.
16-20	Bhu.	-5	*	×	*	×	×	×	*	*		×	ė	×	39.00-48	
Ok 2.8		G	٧.	æ	_	-		d		162			ч		Style:	
8-12	lbs.			4								*	,		36.00-38	w
Butte,	Bos	ŧ	01	3.	1	3	Ė;	y)							43.00-44	
36 6	The S														43,00°F3	

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2.00-27.00

0.00-44.00

9.00-21.00 7.00-19.00 5.00-17.00

Me. 1

5.00-57.00 5.00-57.00 9.00-52.00 9.00-43.00

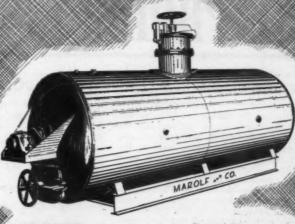
tyle: 6.00-88.00

3.00-41.00

3, 1947

N:

TRADE MARK



COOKER — built for internal pressure or vacuum, ASME Code.

Write for complete information and name of user nearest you. Freight allowed to any seaport on West Coast. Immediate shipment. Member Western States Meat Packers Institute.

1600 - 40th AVE., SEATTLE WASHINGTON

ORIGINAL PHILADELPHIA SCRAPPLE "Glorified" HAMS . BACON . LARD DELICATESSEN



PACKERS - PORK - BEEF John J. Felin & Co.

INCORPORATED

4142-60 Germantown Ave. PHILADELPHIA 40, PENNA.



STAINLESS STEEL

Adelmann Ham Boilers now available in this superior metal. Life-time wear at economical cost.

Inquiries Invited

HAM BOILER CORPORATION

Office and Factory, Port Chester, N.Y. . Chicago Office, 332 S. Michigan Ave., 4

SHIPPERS OF MIXED CARS

OF PORK, BEEF

AND

PROVISIONS

KREY Tenderated Hams

THE HAM WITH A REPUTATION FOR SATISFACTION AND PROFIT!



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M. WEINSTEIN & CO. 122 N. Delaware Philodelphia, Pa.

The National Provisioner-July 26, 1947

Page 43

BY-PRODUCTS—FATS—OILS

TALLOWS AND GREASES

Business in tallows and greases was scattered and spotty throughout the week, but prices held about steady, and most of the trades made were at the list. However, the larger soapers were rather reluctant buyers and confined their purchases largely to the better grades. None-the-less, on Thursday, a tank of yellow grease sold at 10½c, and a tank of high acid at 10c, f.o.b. shipping point, and several tanks of various grades were reported moving in other quarters at quoted levels.

The unsettled, and at times erratic action of the lard market had an unsettling influence on tallows and greases. On Thursday, lard futures broke sharply, in spite of a sharp advance in the Chicago live hog market, dropping. 45 to 57c below the preceding day. This had a prompt effect on late Thursday prices for tallows and greases. While top grades held fully steady, lower grades developed an easier undertone.

TALLOWS.—Closing quotations for tallow in carlots, f.o.b. producer's plant on Thursday were largely steady including the top grade, with a week earlier, as follows:

Edible, 13c; fancy, 12c; choice, 11%c; prime or extra, 11%c; special, 11½c; No. 1, 11c; No. 3, 10%c n; No. 2, 8%@9c n.

Choice white, 11%c; renderers' choice white, 11%c n; A-white, 11%c; B-white, 11c; yellow 10%c; house, 10c n; brown, 25 F.F.A., 8%@9c n.

GREASE OILS.—Grease oils continued to move regularly and at steady prices compared with a week ago. No. 1

BY-PRODUCTS MARKETS

(Chicago, July 24, 1947.)

Blood

Unground, per unit ammonia.....*\$7.00

Digester Feed Tankage Materials

	per ton \$106.00
55% meat scraps, bulk	116.00
50% feeding tankage with bone, bulk	88.30
60% digester tankage, bulk	106.00
80% blood meal, bagged	
65% BPL special steamed bone meal,	
bagged	75.00

Bons Meal (Fertilizer Grades)

	morre .				-	 	•	•	~	•	indicate /
											Per ton
Steam.	ground.	3 4	k 50	0		 					.50.00@55.0
Steam,	ground,	2 4	2	7.		 		0.0	9.0		.50,00@55.0 .50,00@85.0

Fertilizer Materials

High grade tankage, ground		
10@11% ammonia\$6.0 Bone tankage, unground, per ton	100	and 10c
Hoof meal, per unit ammonia		6.25m

Dry Rendered Tankage

																					1	P	rotein	
Cake								 										0	0				*\$2.00	ķ
Expeller					*			 	 9 0			0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	٠	0		* 2.00	į
	_	_					,			_														

Gelatine and Glue Stock

	Let car
Calf trimmings (limed)	.\$2.25@2.50
Hide trimmings (green, salted)	. 1.40@1.50
Sinews and pizzles (green, salted)	. 1.40@1.50
	Per ton
Cattle jaws, skulls and knuckles	\$75.00
Die obie corone and toles non th	10

Animal Hair

Winter coil dried, per ton\$80.00@85.00
Summer coil dried, per ton 55.00@60.00
Cattle switches
Winter processed, gray, lb
Summer processed, gray, lb
*F.O.B. shipping point.

oil was quoted at 18½c, while prime burning sold at 20½c, and acidless tallow oil brought 18½c. All prices are in drum lots.

NEATSFOOT OIL.—Quotations on neatsfoot oil were steady with about a normal amount of the product moving. The market continues well sold up.

FERTILIZER PRICES

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BASIS NEW YORK DELIVERY

Ammoniates

Ammonium sulphate, bulk, per ton, f.o.b.
production point
Unground fish scrap, dried,
60% protein nominal f.o.b.
Fish Factory, per unit
Atlantic and Gulf ports
in 100-lb, bags
Fertiliser tankage, ground, 10% ammonia, 10% B. P. L., bulk
Feeding tankage, unground, 10-12% ammonia
bulk per unit of ammonia IN
Phosphates

bulk per unit of ammonia Th
Phosphates
Bone meal, steam, 3 and 50 bags, per ton, f.o.b. works
Bone meal, raw, 4\% and 50% in bags, per ton, f.o.b. works
Superphosphate, bulk, f.o.b. Baltimore.
19% per unit

Dry Rendered Tankage

45/50% protein, unground, \$2.00 per unit of per tein.

EASTERN FERTILIZER MARKET

New York, July 24, 1947
Demand was good for wet rendered tankage and the market at New York was cleaned up at \$7.75.

Blood was still offered at \$7.00 fab. New York with little interest showing.

Fishmeal was in good supply due to the heavy catch of fish along the Atlantic coast. Scrap was offered fredy and some of the feed buyers were showing less interest than a week ago.

The demand for fertilizer chemicals continues in spite of the fact that the fertilizer season is about over.

CORN PROSPECTS IMPROVE

The 1947 corn crop is estimated at 2,770,930,000 bu. as of July 15 in the special mid-month report of the Crop Reporting Board. This is an increase of 158,000,000 bu. in prospective production since July 1. The 1947 crop is now indicated to be 5 per cent larger than average compared with just a little materially.

Willibald Schaefer Company

ASSOCIATE MEMBER:

ASSOCIATE MEMBER:

AMERICAN MEAT INSTITUTE - NATIONAL INDEPENDENT MEAT PACKERS ASSOCIATION

ST. LOUIS 7. MO.



CHESTNUT 9630
TELETYPE
WESTERN UNION PHONE

VEGETABLE OILS

The market for most vegetable oils was rather quiet during the week. Cottonseed oil prices developed some variations attributed to the short supply of oil crop oil, and the variations in arrival times of new crop oil. Sales of new crop oil were reported in the Southwest at 20½ to 21c with up to 22c asked, while sales of old crop oil in the Valley were reported at 21c.

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24, 1947

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8, 1947

The soybean oil market was fairly active at around 17 1/4 c per lb. Meantime the Department of Agriculture announced that allocations of soybean oil will be made for export to olive oil producing countries to facilitate the movement of olive oil to the U. S. Procedure includes the customary licensing by the Department of Commerce. The plan becomes effective on or after August 1, but not later than February 28, 1948.

Early-in-the-week quotations on Spanish and Italian olive oil, in bond, duty paid at New York were \$5.75 in drums, while French Moroccan oil was quoted at \$5.50, and California oil was offered at \$5.25 to \$5.50 f.o.b. New York.

The supply of corn oil continues tight, and appears likely to stay that way until processing of new crop corn begins in the fall. Currently price quotations on this product appear to be largely nominal.

CORN OIL.—At 21½c bid, this prodact was about steady with a week earlier.

SOYBEAN OIL.—Thursday's price of 17%c bid, basis Decatur, was a little stronger than a week ago.

COTTONSEED OIL.—Thursday spot crude prices at 21c bid across the Belt were steady with a week earlier. Quotations on the N. Y. futures market for the first four days of the week were reported to be as follows:

MONDAY, JULY 21, 1947

	Open	High	Low	Close	Pr. cl.
Sept				*21.15	21.20
0et				*20.60	20.65
Dec				*18.75	18.50
Inn., 1948.				*18.00	17.80
Mar., 1948.				*18.00	18.00
May, 1948.				*18.40	18.25
luly, 1948.				*18.40	18.55
Total sales	: none				

TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1947

Bept									. *21.20 21.3	15
0et				i				***	800.08 00	60
Dec		0 0							. *18.75 18.	75
Jan., 1948.				۰					. *18.00 18.0	00
Mar., 1948.	0.			0		0			. *18.00 18.	00
May, 1948.		0 0			0	0	0			40
		0 1			0	0	0		. *18.60 18.	40
Total sales:		n	one.							

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1947

Sept	21.75	21.75	21.75	*21.60	21.20
Oct.	21.00	21.00	21.00	*21.00	20.65
Dec	19.50	19.50	19.50	*19.60	18.75
Jan., 1948.				*18.75	18.00
Mar., 1948.	****	****		*18.75	18.00
May, 1948. July, 1948.	19.50	19.50	19.50	*19.00	18.45
				*19.00	18.00
Total sales	s: 5 cos	tracts.			

THURSDAY, JULY 24, 1947

M			,		
Bept				*21.55	21.60
Alle corner	18.85	18.85	18.85	*21.10 *18.75	21.20 19.60
Mar., 1948.	****			*18.25	18.75
May, 1948. July, 1948.	****			*18.25 *18.60	18.75 19.00
	- 1			*18.60	19.00
Total sale	sked.	tract.			

COCONUT OIL.—Prices of 11%c to 11%c, Pacific Coast, was nominal.

PEANUT OIL.—Thursday's price of 21½c to 22c nominal, Southeast, was steady with a week ago.

NEW EXPORT ALLOCATIONS

The Department of Agriculture authorized during the week ended July 18 supplemental and exchange export allocations for commercial procurement as follows: 1) 20,000 lbs. of cottonseed oil to the Philippines to meet established needs; 2) 4,409,200 lbs. of coconut oil to Peru in exchange for an equivalent quantity (in terms of oil) of copra from

Peru's IEFC allocation from the Philippines, and 3) 11,200 lbs. of stearic acid to India for medicinal purposes.

VEGETABLE OILS

Crude cot	tonseed	oll, c	carlots,	f.o.b	. mills	
Valley						216
Souther	LUE					
Texas .						
Soybean (oil, in ta	nks.	f.o.b.			1
mills,	Midwest					17%1
Corn oil.	in tank	E. T.	a.b. m	ille		21141
Coconut (oil Paci	Re C	haat		9	1%@11%1
Pennut of	Il fah	Mont	horn r	olnto.		.21 4 @22
Cottonsee	d foots	ranner (mern P	counts.		. 21 % @ 221
Midmos	t and W	-	0			
House	er and w	est.	CORST.			31
must .						31

	OL	EON	A	A	R	ı	G	'n	Ą	ı	2	ı	h	ı	E					
		Prices																		
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HIDES AND SKINS

Further advances paid for packer hides
—Heavy native and branded steers up
1c—heavy and light native cows up ½
and branded cows ½
alc higher—
Packer calf in steady demand—Kips
easing.

Chicago

PACKER HIDES.—There was an active demand again this week for packer hides and successive advances placed all native and branded steers a cent over previous week; extreme light native steers moved up ½c for the points involved; branded cows sold ½@1c higher; heavy and light native cows sold ½c higher, with the spread widened by premiums paid for picked points. Reported sales so far total about 75,000 hides in the local market, with probably a few more moving quietly—a fair volume of business, considering the recent well sold-up position of most packers.

One packer sold 2,600 July mixed heavy and light native steers at 26½c, and another later moved 2,700 July light and heavy native steers at 27c, or a full cent over previous week. This figure reported obtainable for straight heavies or straight lights also.

One lot of 3,000 Chgo. July extreme

light native steers sold at 31½c, up ½c for that point, although this figure paid for some lighter average points previous week.

An early sale of 700 July butt brands was reported at 24½c, together with 1,300 July Colorados at 24c. However, butt brands were quotable later at 25c, based on the sale of a total of 5,300 July Colorados at 24½c, or a full cent over previous week's closing trade. One packer moved 1,500 July mixed heavy and light Texas steers at 25c, or a cent over last week. Extreme light Texas steers are quoted 27@28c in a nominal way, with straight carlot offerings lacking.

Two packers sold a total of 5,600 St. Louis and Omaha July heavy native cows at 27c; 1,300 St. Paul July heavy cows sold at 28c, and 618 Apr.-May St. Pauls at 27½c; the Association sold 1,400 Chicago July heavy native cows at 28c.

Two packers sold a total of 7,900 July light native cows, Omahas and other fairly heavy point take-off, at 29c; 1,900 St. Louis Julys sold at 29½c; another packer sold 12,000 July light cows at 29c and 29½c, according to points; also 2,000 Kansas City Julys at 30c; later, 1,700 Kansas City July light native cows sold at 30½c.

Two packers sold a total of 6,200 Jay branded cows at 26c for regular points another moved 11,500 Julys at 26c is 26%, depending upon points; 4 light average Oklahoma City Jay branded cows sold at 27c.

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There was no trading mentioned abulls this week but market is in a stronger position following general clean-up trading previous week at 17 fe for natives and 16 1/2 c for branded but

The announcement at midweek by the Dept. of Commerce that an exceptionally large supply of cattle hides will result from the expected record alargiter of cattle this year was discounted by the trade generally, including tenners. Historically, in normal times, this country is a heavy importer of hide, while recently our exports to Europe have far exceeded imports, and the but of South American hides is currently moving to Europe.

Inspected cattle slaughter for the week ended July 19 was estimated by the USDA at 303,000 head, five per cent over the 289,000 of previous week, but 10 per cent under the 338,000 of same week a year ago. However, cattle receipts at twelve western markets for the first four days this week totaled only 200,100 head, as against 233,402 for previous week, and 234,308 for same week last year, and killing figures will likely show a similar decline for the week.

Calf slaughter under inspection for the week ended July 19 was estimated at 163,000 head, 18 per cent over the 138,000 of previous week, and six per cent above the 154,000 of same week last year. From the hide viewpoint, these will be running more heavily to kips from now on.

OUTSIDE SMALL PACKER.—The small packer market continues very rangy, depending upon average weight and section, with some offerings held at fantastic prices, according to traders. Some 60 lb. and down all brands sold in the West at 22c, flat, trimmed. Some 46 lb. avge. sold at 26 4c for native steers and cows, brands a cent less; some 43—44 lb. avge. were reported to have sold up to 27 ½c basis natives, and very light southwestern stock is held at 29@30c.

PACIFIC COAST.—There was trading in the Pacific Coast market at midweek when one of the larger killers moved about 12,000 July hides at 22c for steers and 24c for cows, or a cent over prices paid for similar take-off previous week.

CALF AND KIPSKINS.—There was no trading mentioned in packer caliskins this week but there is still a good demand, according to traders, at steady prices—northern heavies and lights at 80c, River points at 72½c, and southerns at 62½c. Production from now on will be running more heavily to kips and these showed some easiness this week on quiet trading. Couple packers are credited with moving 10,000 to 15,000 July kipskins at 2½c decline, northern natives going at 55c, and northern over-weights at 50c, with

DARLING AND COMPANY

U. S. YARDS . CHICAGO, ILL.

ARE BUYERS

O F

GREEN HIDES AND CALFSKINS LAMB AND SHEEP PELTS

YARDS 3000 EXT. 73, H. F. HUNT FOR QUOTATION brands at 21/2c less in each instance. last reported trading in southern kips was 56c for natives and 51c for overweights, previous week; but market is probably quotable 21/2c less at the moment, based on sales of northerns.

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take-off ere was er calfa good tsteady ghts at southnow on to kips ess this packers ,000 to decline, 5c, and

6, 1947

Packer regular slunks moved in a large way early this week, around 15,000 being reported at \$3.25, or 25c down from last month. Hairless slunks are quoted around \$1.10, selected, or around \$1.00 flat.

City calfskins, untrimmed, are quoted around 65c for all-weights, and city kips around 42@43c. Country calf are

CHICAGO HIDE QUOTATIONS

PACKER	HIDES		
eek ended ly 24, '47	Previous Week		. week, 1946
@27 @25	@26 @24		@27 @26
@25 @241/2	@24 @281/4		@26 @26
5 (0.27	251/4 @ 28n @ 251/4		@26 @26
@174	281/201/4 @171/4		@27 @27 @20
24 @ 80	7214 @80		@19 @35 @27
@521/3 @3.25	8.50@8.75		****
	eek ended ly 24, '47 @27 @25 @25 @24 ½ @28n @27 7 @28 @17 ½ @16 ½ 24 @8 @55 @52 ½ @3. 25	025 024 025 024 026 027 028 028 025 026 03 027 028 025 026 03 027 028 025 027 03 02 027 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 02 027 03 027	cek ended Previous Cor Y 24, 47 G26 G27 G24 G25 G24 G25 G26 G27 G26 G27 G2

Market not established on some descriptions this date last year following lapse of OPA.

CITY AND OUTSIDE	SMALL PACKERS	
Nat. all-wts23 @27	21 @26 24 @25	
	20 @25 23 @24	
Nat. bulls 15 @15%	15 @15% @17	
Brad'd bulls 14 @14%	14 @14% @16	
Calfokins @65	@65 23 @25	
Kips, nat42 @43	43 @45 23 @25	
Slunks, reg3.00@3.25	@3.25	

All packer hides and all calf and kipskins quoted a trimmed, selected basis; small packer hides quoted selected, trimmed; all slunks quoted flat.

COUNTR	Y HIDES	
Hvy. strs20 @223/	20 @2236	2014@21
Hys. cows20 @224	20 @2214	20 1/2 @ 21
Ball20 @224	20 @2214	201/2021
Extremes 20 @ 221/	20 @2214	2014 @21
Bulls 131/4 @ 14	12%@13	@14n
Calfskins43 @45	45 @47	****
Kipskins31 @32	33 @35	***
Horsehides7.50@8.25	7.50@8.25	9.00@10.00

All country hides and skins quoted on flat trim-SHEEPSKINS Pkr. shearlgs..2.25@2.35 2.15@2.25 @3.00 Dry pelts2614@27 2614.@27 25 @26

N. Y. HII	DE FUT	TURES	
WOWDAW	TTT W 01	1049	
MONDAY,			
Open	High		Close
Sept22.90b	23.30	23.80	23.25b
Dec20,76b Mar19,70b	21.10	20.90 20	.95-21.00
Mar19.70b	19.90	19.82	19.82
Jme19.95b			19.15b
Closing 15 to 35 high	her; Sales	20 lots.	
TUESDAY,	JULY 2	2, 1947	
Sept 23.00h	28.50	22 30	23.40
Dec20,80b	21.25	20.90	21.16
Dec	19.95	19.87	19.87
June18.90b			19.21b
Closing 5 to 21 highe	er; Sales	46 lots.	
WEDNESDA	Y. JULY	23, 1947	
	24.35	28.75	24.20
Dec21.21b	21.80	21.85	21.75
Mar20.00-01	20.40	20.00	20,20b
June 19,26b		20100	19.65n
Closing 33 to 80 high			20.002
THURSDAY	JULY	94. 1947	
Sept24.25b	24.50	24.10	24.10
Bec22.00	22.10		21.65
Mar 20.30b	20.25	20.25	19.90b
June 10.70b	40.40	20.20	19.35p
Closing 10 to 30 low	er: Sales	72 lots.	10.002
FRIDAY,			
Sept24,00b			
Dec21.40b	24.10	24.00	24.00b
2007. 10 mos.	21.65	21.50	21.90b
June19.00b	19.80	19.75	20.15b

WEEK'S CLOSING MARKETS

quoted around 43@45c for all-weights, with country kips around 31@32c.

SHEEPSKINS .- There is an active inquiry for packer shearlings, with production down sharply and most packers sold up. No. 1's are quoted \$2.25@2.35, and No. 2's \$1.10@1.20, with higher expected in some quarters. No. 3's are about out of the picture but said to be salable around \$1.00. Pickled skins have a little firmer undertone but still quoted \$12.00@14.00 per doz. packer production. Spring lambs are quoted about unchanged, around \$2.70@2.75 per cwt. liveweight basis for westerns, down to \$2.20@2.25 per cwt. for southerns.

CHICAGO HIDE MOVEMENT

Receipts of hides at Chicago for the week ended July 19, 1947, were 6,076,-000 lbs.; previous week, 6,400,000 lbs.; for the corresponding week last year 6,371,000 lbs.; January 1 to date 213,-995,000 lbs. compared with 201,826,000 lbs. last year.

Shipments of hides from Chicago for the week ended July 19, 1947, were 6,329,000 lbs.; previous week 5,443,000 lbs.; same week last year, 5,939,000 lbs.; January 1 to date 272,301,000 lbs.; last year, 123,957,000 lbs.

FRIDAY'S CLOSINGS

Provisions

An upswing of \$2.10 lifted the average price of live hogs to \$24.25 at Chicago during the week.

The improvement in live hog prices had a strengthening effect on the pro-visions market at Chicago. Friday prices for most pork items were higher.

Under 12 lb. pork loins sold 1/2c higher at 55c, while Boston butts and spareribs were both up 1c at 41%c.

Green skinned hams in the 12/16 range were %c higher at 57%c and 4/6 green picnics were ½c up at 39c, while 8 and up green picnics, No. 2's included, brought 241/2 to 25c.

Green bellies in the 6/12 group sold %c higher at 51c, and 20/25 DS clear bellies were 1%c up at 29%c. Fat back prices held steady.

Cottonseed Oil

Closing prices for cottonseed oil futures at New York Friday were as fol-lows: September, 21.55b, 22.00ax; October, 21.15b, 21.50ax; December, 18.75b, 19.50ax; January, 18.50b, 19.50ax; March, 18.50b, 19.50ax; May, 18.90b, 18.50b, 19.50ax; 19.40ax; July, 1948, 18.75b, 19.50ax. Sales were 3 lots.



Closing 15 to 35 higher; sales 22 lots.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS Weekly Review

Early Frost May Speed Up Livestock Marketing

If frost catches the corn crop before it matures, livestock marketing will be heavier during the winter and early spring, followed by smaller marketings and higher prices next summer, according to a prediction made by N. E. Dodd, undersecretary of agriculture, at a conference of agricultural specialists in Chicago this week.

"The outlook for the feed situation is reasonably promising provided. . . . we are able to save our soft corn," he said. "If we don't help farmers handle their corn so it will keep well, we can expect to see an abnormally large portion of it fed to hogs and cattle this winter." Dodd held out some hope for the corn crop when he pointed out that a large portion of late plantings comprised short season hybrids, and that corn planted late tends to mature faster than normal.

Good growing weather can be expected to mature most of the corn crop between September 28 and October 5.

HOG WEIGHTS AND COSTS

six markets during June, 1947, and June, 1946, as reported by USDA.

June. 1947

\$23.82

272 242 290

Chicage
St. Louis Nat'l
Stk. Yds.
Kansas City
Omaha
St. Joseph
St. Paul

Chicago St. Louis Nat'l Stk. Yds.

Stk. Yds. Kansas City Omaha St. Joseph St. Paul

Average weights and costs of hogs at

June. 1946

\$14.85

Average Weight in P

249

217

\$18.28

414

1946

\$14.10

420

BARROW SHOW IN SEPTEMBER

Official rules and the premium list for the National Barrow Show, to be held at Austin, Minn., September 15 to 19, inclusive have been issued and are receiving broad distribution among hog producers and in the livestock trade.

This annual event, which is held under the sponsorship of the National Swine Breed Association, the Mower County Agricultural Society, the Austin Chamber of Commerce, the Austin Public Schools, and Geo. A. Hormel & Co., is designed to direct attention to the kind of market hog that produces the type of cuts found most salable by packers and retailers.

One of the highlights of the four-day program is a market barrow and carcass demonstration. This year it will focus attention on the ratio of fat to lean. Max Cullen, of the National Live Stock and Meat Board, Chicago, will demonstrate pork cutting with the assistance of Fred Beard of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and Carroll Plager and Harry Spahn, of Geo. A. Hormel & Co.

STOCKERS AND FEEDERS

Stocker and feeder cattle received in the eight Corn Belt states in June are reported by the USDA as follows:

	June 1947	June 1946
CATTLE AND CALVES:		
Public stockyards Direct	88,289 31,281	98,050 43,108
Totals	119,570	141,158
SHEEP AND LAMBS:		
Public stockyards Direct		32,617 43,173
Totals	134,436	
Data in this report were of state veterinarians. Under are included stockers and bought at stockyards markets included stockers and feeder states from points other tha some of which are inspected while stopping for feed, water	"public stefeeders who under "discoming from public step at public step.	ockyards' ich were rect' are rom other tockyards,

SALABLE LIVESTOCK AT 12 MARKETS

Live 23, 194 tion: moss: m har

Good 8 120-14 140-16 160-18 180-20 200-22 220-24 240-27 270-30 390-33

Medius 160-22

sows:

Good 4

270-30 390-33 390-36 300-40

Good:

PIGS (

96-13

KLAUGE

TEER

STREET

700-11 1100-13

STEER!

286-11

HIFE

690- S 500-10

506- 9
103FEI
506- 9
COWS
Good
Medius
Cut. 4
Cannon

BULLS

CALVE

CATCH

LAMBS

U. S. Department of Agriculture report of June receipts of salable cattle and calves, hogs, and sheep and lambs at the seven leading markets for each kind of livestock, with totals that isclude five additional markets, is as follows:

	CATT	LB
	June 1947	Jane 1945
Chicago	168,792	99.504
Kansas City	92,137	36.386
Omaba	151,837	97,000
E. St. Louis	72,789	36, 210
St. Joseph	46,218	15 994
Sioux City	127,105	96, 500
So. St. Paul	88,098	49 144
*Totals	990,976	573, 157
** * * *		

•Includes seven markets named, plus Cincinsus, Denver, Fort Worth, Indianapolis and Oklahom City.

	(CALVES
	June 1947	June 1946
Chicago		
Kansas City	18,788	15,400
Omaha	4,039	2,633
E. St. Louis	35,685	30.310
St. Joseph	8,008	4.725
Sioux City		1.406
So. St. Paul		
*Totals		
*Includes seven m	ote named pli	na Chnolement

*Includes seven markets named, plus Cincinnati, Denver, Fort Worth, Indianapolis and Oklahom City.

		Hogs
	June 1947	June 1948
Chicago		102,565
Kansas City	51,890	12,865
Omaha	102,237	89,739
E. St. Louis		55,557
St. Joseph	96,103	25,215
Sioux City		77,676
So. St. Paul		
*Totals	1.119.947	506,298

 Includes seven markets named, plus Cincinst, Denver, Fort Worth, Indianapolis and Oklahom City.

														8	HEEP AND	LAMBS
															June 1947	June 1946
Chicago															18,426	34,002
Kansas	CI	t	y					ì				ì			94,167	96,494
Omaha																49,245
St. Jose																33,066
Denver															13,953	17,003
Oklahon	an	(H	1	×		0								12,152	16,852
So. St.																18,858
															674,000	877,228

*Includes seven markets named, plus Cincinnati, Denver, Fort Worth, Indianapolis and Oklahoms City.

Louis Day

Louis Day

Louis Day

Louis Day

ALL IMPORTANT

MARKETS

Obfices

Detroit, Mich.

Livestock Buying Service

Dayton,Ohio
Omaha, Neb. Cincinnati,Ohio
La Fayette,Ind. Louisville, Ky.
Sioux City, Iowa

Indianapolis, Ind. Nashville, Tenn. Montgomery, Ala. Order Buyer of Live Stock

L. H. MCMURRAY

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA



LIVESTOCK PRICES AT LEADING MARKETS

Livestock prices at five western markets on Wednesday, July 3, 1947, reported by the Production & Marketing Administration:

een

T

cattle

hat in-

is as

June 1946 34,682 96,494 46,265 33,066 17,665 16,822 18,858 877,288

CO

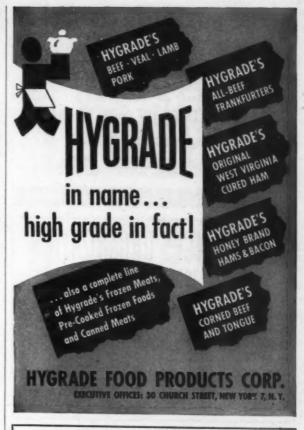
1947

LE

good: (quotations based on hard hogs) Nat. Stk. Yds. Chic	ago Kans.	City Omaha	St. Paul
BARROWS AND GILTS: Good and Choice:			
120-140 1bs. \$23.75-25.75 \$23.00-10-100 1bs. 25.75-26.75 \$24.00-10-100 1bs. 25.75-26.75 \$24.00-10-100 1bs. 26.75-27.00 26.25-10-200 1bs. 26.75-27.00 27.70-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20	27.00 26.00-2 27.25 26.25-2 27.25 26.50-2 27.25 26.25-2 27.00 25.50-2 26.25 23.75-2 23.75 23.00-2	6,50 24,50-26,77 6,75 26,75-27,27 6,75 26,75-27,27 6,75 26,75-27,27 6,50 24,50-26,77 22,75-25,00 4,00 22,25-23,50	27.00 only 27.00 only 27.00 only 27.00 only 24.50-27.00 22.50-24.50 22.00-22.50
Medium: 188-220 lbs 22.75-26.50 23.00-	26.00 25.25-2	6.25 21.50-26.75	26.00-26.00
SOWB: Good and Choice:			
28-300 Res. 20.70-21.00 22.25- 30-330 lbs. 20.50-21.00 21.50- 30-360 lbs. 20.00-21.00 20.25- 30-400 lbs. 19.00-20.50 19.00-	23.00 21.00-2 22.75 21.00-2 22.25 20.75-2 21.50 20.75-2	1.00 21.00-21.50	20.50-21.50
Guel: 40-450 Bu 17.00-20.50 17.75- 40-550 Bu 16.00-19.00 15.75-	19.75 20.00-2 18.00 20.00-2	0.75 18.75-20.00 0.75 18.00-19.25	19.50-20.00 18.00-19.50
Melium: 280-550 lbs 14.50-20.00 14.00-	19.50 19.00-1	9.50 17.50-21.00	18.00-18.50
pgS (Slaughter): Nedium and Good: 90-120 lbs 19.00-24.00 18.00-	23.50		*******
SAUGHTER CATTLE, VEALERS AS	ND CALVES:		
######################################	31.50 28.00-30 32.25 28.50-30	0.50 $28.75-31.75$ 0.50 $29.50-32.00$	28.50-31.50 28.50-31.50
STERR8, Good: 90-900 lbs 24.50-27.50 25.00- 90-1100 lbs 25.25-28.50 25.00- 1100-1200 lbs 25.75-29.00 27.00-	28.00 28.50-26 29.50 24.50-26 30.50 25.50-26	8.00 25,00-28,25 8.50 25,50-29,50 8.50 25,75-29,50	24.00-28.50 24.00-28.50 25.00-29.00
100-1500 lbs 26.25-29.00 27.00-3	30,50 26,00-2	8.75 26.25-29.75	25.00-29.00
70-1100 lbs 19.00-25.25 19.00-1 100-1300 lbs 20.00-25.75 21.00-5	25.00 18.00-2 25.50 20.00-2	5.25 -19.50-25.75 5.50 21.00-25.75	$\substack{19.00 \cdot 25.00 \\ 19.00 \cdot 25.00}$
STERS, Common: 700-1100 lbs 15.50-19.00 16.00-	19.00 15.50-18	8.00 16.50-20.50	15.00-19.00
HHFERS, Choice: 000-800 lbs 26,75-28,75 27,50-5 000-1000 lbs 27,25-29,00 28,50-5	29.00 26.50-26 29.50 27.25-26	8.50 26.75-29.00 9.50 27.00-29.50	27.00-28.30 27.50-29.00
##FERS, Good: 900-800 lbs 23,75-26,75 23,50- 900-1000 lbs 24,00-27,25 25,00-	27.50 23.00-27 28.50 23.50-27		23.00-27.50 23.50-27.50
HEFFERS, Medium: 300-900 lbs 17.00-24.00 18.00-5			
HHIPERS, Common:			20.00-20.00
000 lbs 14.25-17.00 14.00-	18.00 14.00-16	6.50 15.00-18.00	14.00-18.00
Good 16.00-18.30 17.50-18.60 14.00-16.00 14.00-16.00 11.00-14.00 11.00-16.00 11.00 11.00-16.00 11.00-16.00 11.00-16.00 11.00-16.00 11.00-16.00 11.00-16.00 11.	17.50 13.50-16 14.00 11.50-13	6.25 14.25-17.00 3.50 11.50-14.25	15.25-17.50 14.00-15,25 11.50-14.00 10.00-11.50
Wills (Yigs, Excl.), All Weights:			
Beef, good 17.00-17.50 17.75- Sussage, good 16.50-17.00 17.25- Sussage, medium. 14.50-16.50 15.50- Sussage, cut. &	18.75 17.25-17 18.50 16.75-17 17.25 14.25-16	7.75 17.25-17.75 7.50 17.00-17.50 8.75 16.00-17.00	17.00-17.75 16.75-17.50 15.75-16.75
TALERS (All Weights):	15.50 11.50-14	1.25 13.50-16.00	18.25-15.75
Good & choice 18,50-23,50 22,50-2	$12.50 ext{ } 11.00 ext{-} 18$	3.50 12.00-19.50	20,00-25,00 13,00-20,00
Onli (75 lbs. up) 8.00-11.00 11.00-1 CALVES (500 lbs. Down):	3.50 7.50-11	1.00 10.00-12.00	10.00-13.00
Gaid & choice 17.50-21.50 17.00-5 Gaid & med 11.50-17.50 12.00-1 Oull	7.00 17.50-25 7.00 11.50-18 2.00 8.00-11	3.00 18.50-21.00 3.00 12.00-18.50 1.50 10.00-12.00	18.00-20.00 14.00-18.00 11.00-14.00
SANGHTER LAMBS AND SHEEP:			
LANTRE (Speing)			

SAVORTER LAMBS AND SH	EEP:1			
LAMBS (Spring):				
Good & choice*. 23.50-24.50 Medium & good*. 19.00-23.00 Common 14.00-18.00	24.00-24.25 20.00-23.50 16.00-19.00	23.75-24.00 21.00-23.50 17.00-20.75	23.25-24.00 20.00-23.00	23.25-24.50 20.00-23.00 17.50-19.75
TRIG. WETHERS:2				
Good & choice*		19.00-19.50 17.00-18.75	*********	18.00-20.00 15.50-17.75
PWRE:2				
6md & choice* 6.75- 8.00 6m. & med 5.25- 6.50	8.25- 9.00 6.50- 8.00	7.75- 8.25 6.00- 7.50	7.25- 8.00 5.00- 7.50	7.75- 8.75 5.25- 7.50
tations on wooled stock	based on a	nimals of c	urrent seaso	

Instations on shorn basis.



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A. L. Thomas Washington, D. C.

SLAUGHTER REPORTS

Special reports to THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER showing the number of livestock slaughtered at 13 centers for the week ended July 19, 1947. CATTLE

	ATTLE			9
	Week ended July 19	Prev. week	Cor. week, 1946	
Chlengo; Kansas City; Omaha*; E. St. Louis; St. Joseph; Sloux City; Wichita*; New York &	22,602 24,976 24,609 12,597 8,986 11,242 3,846	20,664 17,314 25,908 14,467 8,949 11,266 2,583	27,350 †26,928 †22,708 16,630 11,446 †10,901 6,658	
Jersey City† Okla. City† Cincinnati Denver St. Paul Milwaukee;	7,436 11,106 7,239 8,510 17,087 3,521	7,655 6,598 6,670 7,764 15,655 2,543	12,988 18,016 8,550 7,412 13,593 3,539	
Total	163,847	148,121	186,719	
Chicago‡ Kansas City‡ Omaha‡ E. St. Louis‡ St. Joseph‡ Sloux City‡ Wichita‡ New York & Jersey City	26,178 15,554 23,995 2,011 25,968	29,855 10,495 42,549 35,176 19,650 22,725 1,460 27,424	33,381 †39,056 †56,925 70,295 31,978 †34,048 2,324 51,000	
Okla. Čity: Cincinnati: Denver: St. Paul: Milwaukee:	10,291 9,154 28,922	6,107 10,144 10,341 24,930 2,661	9,085 14,879 11,962 32,398 4,575	
Total	228,314	243,517	391,906	
	SHEEP			
Chicagot Kansas Cityt Omahat E. St. Louist St. Josepht Sioux Cityt Wichitat New York &	13,450 11,885 12,847 11,234 3,424	2,137 13,103 15,150 10,670 12,315 2,860 1,635	11,602 †28,039 †14,270 29,534 21,618 †9,212 4,780	
Jersey City Okla. City‡ Cincinnati‡ Denver‡ St. Paul‡ Milwaukee‡	12,315 2,029 4,262 2,889	40,689 5,481 1,977 4,002 2,914 223	57,869 13,609 1,252 4,956 7,020 917	
	126,629	113,196	204,768	
*Cattle and ca †Federally i	nspected	slaugh	ter, in-	

cluding directs. ‡Stockyards sales for local slaugh-

LIVESTOCK RECEIPTS

Receipts at major livestock markets for the week ended July 19, were reported to be as follows:

19. 12.																	0					Sheep
					44.44	20	54 8: 54	Ð, L,	.0	N N N	HO HO HO	-		43 63 64		6	ì, ì,	0000	000	000		163,000 205,000 394,000 243,000 343,000
										,												Hogs
12						۵	۰												0 0			.316,000
	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0		0 0			.448,000
											0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				.416,000
	M K 19 12	MA K E 19 .	MA K EN 19	MAR K ENI	MARI K END	MARK K ENDE	MARKE K ENDE 19	256 257 MARKET K ENDED 1912	250 257, MARKET K ENDED:	250,0 257,0 MARKETS K ENDED:		250,000 257,000 MARKETS, K ENDED:		250,000 257,000 MARKETS, K ENDED:	250,000 2 257,000 5 MARKETS, K ENDED:			250,000 234. 257,000 522, MARKETS, K ENDED: 19			250,000 234,000 257,000 522,900 MARKETS, K ENDED: 19	250,000 234,000 257,000 522,000

WE	BK	ETS,		
END		Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
July	19	.208,000	256,000	98,000
		.186,000	272,000	121,000
1946		.316,000	395,000	215,000
1945		.178,000	176,000	129,000
1944		.177,000	347,000	189,000

CORN BELT DIRECT TRADING

(Reported by Office of Production & Marketing Administration.)

Purcha at princi-ing Satu perted to SIONER

hege; W 1.312 ho pers, 7.0 Totals 39.800 h

Totals

Total

The

Des Moines, Ia., July 24_ At the 10 concentration yards and 11 packing plants in Iowa and Minnesota, barrows and gilts sold unevenly The to \$1.50 higher for the first four days of this week, Some sold largely \$1.00 to \$1.35 higher. Marketings Thursday were somewhat lighter than a week earlier. Quotations Thursday ranged as follows:

160-180	lb.							.1	12	14.	.00	6	38	n
180-240	Ib.								- 9	M	00	ھ	44	8
240-330	Ib.								2	n.	75	ā	26	E
300-360	lb.		 	0	0	0			2	10.	.75	ĕ	23	Ġ
Sows:														
270-330	1b.		 				_	.1	R2	96	98		91	
400-550	1b.			 	0				1	17	.06	ğ	20	Ċ

Belt markets for the week ended July 24 were:

						,			This		ime day
uly	18.								30,500		25,300
uly	19.			۰	۰				36,600		26,900
uly	21.								29,700	*	22 500
uly	22								21,500		22,500
uly	28.								26,000		29,106
uly	24								25,500		21,000

BALTIMORE LIVESTOCK **PRICES**

Livestock prices at the Baltimore, Md., market on July 22, 1947, were reported as follows:

Steers, gd.\$24.50@26.50

CATTLE:

Steers, med 15.00#25.00
Bulls, sausage 16.50@18.00
Cows, com. & med 13.25@16.75
Cows, cut. & com 10.00@13.00
CALVES:
Vealers, gd. to ch\$17.50@22.00
Com. to med 19.50@17.00
Cull to com 8.00@10.00
HOG8:
Gd. & ch\$27.25@27.30
LAMBS:
Gd. & ch\$23.00@2i.00

NEW YORK RECEIPTS

Receipts of salable livestock at Jersey City and 41st st., New York market, for week ended July 19, 1947:

Cattle Calves Hegs* Sheep . 314 2,987 680 2,768 Salable 314 2,987 689 2,783 Total (incl. directs) .4,004 10,520 12,639 38,798 Previous week: Salable . 198 2,328 902 770 Total (incl. directa).3,401 7,000 13,002 34,000 *Including hogs at 31st street.

Wilmington Provision Company

Slaughterers of CATTLE - HOGS - LAMBS - CALVES

TOWER BRAND MEATS U. S. GOVERNMENT INSPECTION

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

PACKERS' PURCHASES

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25,300 26,900 32,500 22,500 28,100 21,000

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25@27.30

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1947:

039 38,796 970 062 24,608

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6, 1947

Purchases of livestock by packers it principal centers for the week end-ing Saturday, July 19, 1947, as re-pried to THE NATIONAL PROVI-IONER:

CHICAGO

Armour. 2,915 hogs; Swift, 2,099 hogs; Wilson, 1,763 hogs; Western, 1,200 hogs; Agar, 7,027 hogs; Shi, 7,066 hogs; Others, 17,618 hogs. Totals: 2,602 cattle; 3,347 calves; 3,800 hogs; 4,001 sheep.

KANSAS CITY

Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Armour 2,822	610	1,675	3,267
codshy 2,802	995	975	
swift 2,529	1,559	2,118	3,624
Wilson 4,046	769	902	2,531
Central 327	****	****	****
U.S.P 487 Others 7,781	249	3,108	2,004
marks 90 704	4.192	8.778	13.450

AHAMO Cattle &

	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
	. 6,290	5,301	1,099
sufft	. 4,378 . 6,430	4,095	2,321
Wilson		3,321 2,520	****
Others		10,692	***
a sale and	aslwan:	Pagla 99:	Clana.

Ontile and calves: Eagle, 82; Great-gomaha, 126; Hoffman, 111; Roths-chil, 458; Roth, 152; Live Stock, M; Kingan, 1,201; Merchants, 51. Totals: 24,063 cattle and calves, MJS hogs, and 4,179 sheep.

E. ST. LOUIS

Cattle		Calves	Hogs	Sheep	
Armour	3,401	2,904	7,148	5,745	
Swift	5,141	4,292	5,090	6,035	
Hanter	1.307		2.840	190	
Hell			1,381	****	
Kruy			849	****	
Laclede .			1,822		
Sicioff			1,082		
Others	. 2,748	860	6,461	877	
Shippers .	. 6,884	1,752	13,970	539	
mark.	10 403	0.000	40.140	10.000	

ST. JOSEPH

Swift 3,247 Armour 2,391 Others 4,498	954 605 925	8,053 2,240 1,144	
Totals10,131			
Does not includ			

Cattle Calves Hogs Sheep

SIOUN CITY Cattle Calves Hogs Sheep . 4,469 41 8,998 1,276 . 3,596 31 11,616 1,088 . 3,704 103 4,633 1,060

Shippers 18,282	160	15,144	3,360
Totals 30,430	335	40,391	6,784
WI	CHITA		
Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Culahy 1,078 Gaggen-	1,232	1,386	3,479
helm 433	****		
Ostertag. 69		22	
Deld 122		574	
Sanfower. 25		29	

Birel ... 887 ... 602 422

Totals .. 3,510 1,232 2,613 3,901

	CINC	INNAT	I	
Calle.	Cuttle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Gall's				461
Ideal			212	****
Kahn's		****		
Larey			274	
Acyer		****	1,371	
COMMUNICATION.	. 1260	117		80
Schroth	. 99		2.220	
National .	. 561	****		****
Others	. 3,040	1,211		4,481
Tetals .	. 3,880	1,339	6.449	4.972
Docs no	t inclu	de 2,14	in cars	la 97

DENVER

Armone 1, Swift 1, Calaby 0thers 3	587 ,807	236 311 177 251	Hogs 3,270 1,807 2,018 1,854	8heep 2,449 1,065 182 416
Totals 7	,396	975	8,949	4.112

OHLAHOMA CITY

Cattle Calves Hogs Sheep

Armoni Wilson Others		3,280	1,611 1,750 26	758 803 424	1,156 1,435
			3,387		
4,443 direct.	hogs	and	88 cattl 9,724	sheep	bought

Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Armour 5,891	2,196	11,547	985
Bartusch 790			867
Cudahy 1,200	1,580	****	****
Rifken 951			****
Superior 1,998			.****
Swift 6,239		17,375	1,037
Others 2,502	1,080	7,795	1,654
Totals 19,589	8,388	36,717	4,543

1	FORT	WORT	H	
0	attle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Armour Swift			779 1,310	8,252 18,585
Bonnet City Rosenthal.	754 243 875	146	99 48	96
Totals	6,804	6,320	2,236	26,933

TOTAL PACKER PERCHASES

A V A MA		•	40045-046	T O THOUSAND			
					Week ended July 19	Prev. week	Cor. week, 1946
	Cattle				.175,125	147,482	215,331
					.235,345	245,235	284,545
	Sheep				.100,289	91,111	217,641

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK

Supplies of livestock at the Chicago Union Stockyards for current and comparative periods:

RECEIPTS

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
July 17.	6,134	1.213	10,494	1.369
July 18.	2,175	363	7,837	1.009
July 19.	965	198	3,447	481
July 21.	8,264	1,957	11,376	1,719
July 22.	4,329	894	13,904	1.275
July 23.	8,580	906	9,580	839
	4,500	800	9,000	1,500
*Wk.				
	26,673	4,557	43,810	5,333
Wk. ago	41,565	5,175	47,550	7,562
1946	37,061		43,962	
1945	33,240	2,756	41,694	15,256
*Inclu	ding 503	cattle.	1.086	calves.
	ogs and 1			

SHIPMENTS

		Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
July	17	2,208	40	1.345	195
July	18	1.331	3	1.960	242
July	19	300			46
	21		59	1,269	74
July	22	2,278	241	1,849	.75
Inly	23	3,570	221	1,749	251
July	24	2,000	100	1.500	200
Wk.	so far.	10,891	621	6,367	600
Wk.	ago	13,560	. 388	5,106	1.044
1946		18,758	608	6,370	1,477
1945		16,603	551	5,176	844

CHICAGO HOG PURCHASES

Supplies of hogs purchased by Chi-cago packers and shippers week ended Wednesday, July 24, 1947:

Week ended Prev. Week week

Packer Shippe		31,381 6,290
Tota	1	37,671
	JULY RECEIPTS	
	1947	1946
Cattle Calves Hogs Sheep		198,285 13,948 813,548 54,220
	JULY SHIPMENTS	
	1947	1946
Cattle Hogs Sheep	50,451 26,280 3,758	109,364 84,303 7,167

PACIFIC COAST LIVESTOCK

Receipts for five days ended July 18:

Cattle Ca	ives Hogs Sheep
Los Angeles 8,700 1,5	
	50 900 18,300 70 1.820 4.250

EDWARD KOHN Co.

WE SELL and BUY

Straight or Mixed Cars

BEEF · VEAL · LAMB · PORK AND OFFAL

Let Us Hear from You!

Established 25 Years

For Tomorrow's Business

THEE. KAHN'S SONS CO. CINCINNATI. O.

"AMERICAN BEAUTY" HAMS AND BACON

Straight and Mixed Cars of Beef. Veal, Lamb and Provisions Offices

BOSTON 9—P. G. Gray Co., 148 State St.
CLEVELAND 20—Fred L. Sternheim, 3320 Warrington Rd.
NEW YORK 14—Herbert Ohl, 441 W. 13th St.
PHILADELPHIA 23—Earl McAdams, 701 Callowhill St.
WASHINGTON 4—Clayton P. Lee, 515 11th St., S. W.



DANIELS MANUFACTURING CO. RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN

CREATORS . DESIGNERS . MULTICOLOR PRINTERS

WEEKLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER

Inspected slaughter of livestock at 32 centers for the week ended July 19, as reported by the USDA's Production and Marketing Administration, showed a sharp increase for cattle, calves and sheep, but a decrease for hogs, from the inspected slaughter in the previous week.

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep and Lambs	
NORTH ATLANTIC					
New York, Newark, Jersey City Baltimore, Philadelphia NORTH CENTRAL			25,968 16,983		
Cincinnati, Cleveland, Indianapolis. Chicago, Elburn St. Paul-Wis. Group ¹ . St. Louis Area ² . Sioux City Omaha Kansas City Iowa and So. Minn. ³ .	25,902 17,125 10,694 23,197 17,755	13,333 18,778 16,331 289 1,201 8,586	40,702 62,841 80,017 56,487 29,754 89,584 33,600 141,796	15,580 7,141 21,992 3,936 15,023 18,530	
SOUTHEAST4	7,259	4,722	8,950	32	
SOUTH CENTRAL WESTS	25,734	14,300	35,817	51,825	
ROCKY MOUNTAINS	7,850	951	11,396	4,590	
PACIFIC [†]	21,662	4,709	24,798	36,931	
Grand total	219,743	92,802	608,702 631,416 766,018	241,849	
¹ Includes St. Paul, So. St. Paul, Ne	wport,	Minn., and	Madison,	Milwaukee,	

¹Includes 8t. Paul, So. 8t. Paul, Newport, Minn., and Madison, Milwaukee, Green Bay, Wis. ³Includes 8t. Louis National Stockyards, E. 8t. Louis, III., and 8t. Louis, Mo. ³Includes Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Fort Dodge, Mason City, Marshalitown, Ottumwa, Storm Lake, Waterloo, Iowa, and Albert Lea, Austin, Minn. ⁴Includes Birmingham, Dothan, Montgomery, Ala., Tallahassee, Fla., and Albany, Atlanta, Columbus, Moultrie, Thomasville, Tifton, 6a. ⁵Includes 8. 8t. Joseph, Mo., Wichita, Kans., Oklaboma City, Okla, Ft. Worth, Texas. ⁶Includes Denver, Colo., Ogden and Salt Lake City, Utah. ¹Includes Los Angeles, Vernon, San Francisco, San Jose, Sacramento, Vallejo, Calif.

NOTE: Packing plants included in above tabulations slaughtered approximately the following percentages of total slaughter under federal meat inspection in June. 1947—cattle 75.4, caives 68.1, hogs 75.7, sheep and lambs 88.8.

LIVESTOCK GRADING DEMONSTRATIONS

The Florida department of agriculture is sponsoring a series of livestock grading demonstrations in cooperation with the extension service and the United States Department of Agriculture throughout the state during the last half of July.

MEAT SUPPLIES AT NEW YORK

(Reported by the U. S. D. A., Production & Marketing Administration)

WESTERN DRESSED ME	ATS	BEEF CUTS:	
STEERS: Week ending July 19, 1947. Week previous Same week year ago	11,025 11,053 7,421	Caree previous	17,700
cows:			
Week ending July 19, 1947. Week previous Same week year ago BULLS:	2,247 2,569 2,477	week previous	7,400
Week ending July 19, 1947.	258	CALVES:	
Same week year ago	419 83	Week nding July 19, 1947.	2,196
VEAL:			10,784 15,388
Week ending July 19, 1947. Week previous Same week year ago	10,278 17,448 6,153	HOGS:	
LAMB: Week ending July 19, 1947.	42.387	week previous	5,888 7,485 11,688
Week previous	47,984 19,258	SHEEP:	
MUTTON:			13,000
Week ending July 19, 1947. Week previous	2,609 1,717	Same week year ago j	17,000
Same week year ago	4,669	Country dressed product at	Non
PORK CUTS:		York totaled 3,010 veal, 14 hops 4 lambs in addition to that a	here a
Week ending July 19, 1947.1. Week previous	298,046	above. Previous week 2,687 verhogs and 11 lambs. Same week 3,508 veal, no hogs and 417 lamb	1, 15

SOUTHEASTERN RECEIPTS

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Receipts of livestock as reported by the Production and Marketing Administration at eight southern packing plants located at Albany, Columbus, Moultrie, Thomasville, and Tifton, Ga.; Dothan, Ala.; Jacksonville and Tallahassee, Fla.:

	Cattle	Calves	Hogo
Week ended July 18	2,931	1.165	3.736
Week ended July 11	2,102	761	4.184
Cor. week last year	3.172	1.478	4.608

BEEF · PORK · VEAL · LAMB HAMS . BACON . SAUSAGE LARD · CANNED MEATS · Sheep, hog and beef casings



JOHN MORRELL & CO.

General Offices: Ottumwa, Iowa

Packing plants: Ottumwa, Iowa; Sioux Falls, S. D.; Topeka, Kansas

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING • For Additional Ads See Opposite Page 53

HELP WANTED

Rendering Department Manager

Large eastern plant requires the services of a capable rendering department manager. Duties will include supervision of all phases of operations from procurement of raw material, through manufacturing processes, to sales of finished merchandise. Replies to this ad will be held in strict confidence and applicant should state in detail his experience background, personal history including age, marital status and salary expected. Personal interview will be arranged through analysis of replies received. W-162, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago S, Ill.

WANTED: Competent executive salesman and negotiator for office, advertising and field work in Illinois. Must be capable of meeting top men and conducting important interviews. Give re-rence and complete information. W-129, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago S, III.

HELP WANTED

Salesman

Wanted by Indiana beef packer with first class reputation as shipper—eastern representative to handle carload, and car route sales of beef in New York, and New Jersey area. We are interested only in a man who is thoroughly experienced, highly respected, and acquainted with the trade, blust provide exceptionally good references for honesty, integrity and ability. Will give a satisfactory proposition to the man fulfilling our recuirement. Write giving complete details to W-163, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

CANNING FOREMAN: Wanted to take charge of canning department for progressive middle west packer. Luncheon meat and hams are principal items. Wonderful opportunity for man with experience. W-161, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

Beef Kill Foreman

Practical man wanted. Must be experienced in all operations and able to handle men. State age, past experience and salary required. W-128, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 8. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, III.

HELP WANTED

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Chief accountant wanted for an independent ment packing plant located in central California. Pustion is permanent with an excellent opportunity for advancement. Salary open, When writing give age, experience, former employers, positions labeled to the control of the contro CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

WANTED: PLANT SUPERINTENDENT for mid-dle west packer, medium sixed plant. Give name, experience in first letter. William to pay 8 to 10 thousand a year for top mas. W-160, THE RA-TIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn S., Chicago 6, III.

-CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING-

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. PLEASE REMIT WITH ORDER.

EQUIPMENT FOR SALE

CHECK VALUES

liest Trucks—new—stainless steel on casters, cap. 500#	130.00
Grinder-6P Cleveland-belt drive	150.00
Grinder-51 Enterprise	100.00
conder—66 Buffalo—25 h.p. motor—V- belt drive	1000.00
sient Cutter—Randall #7—54" bowl— capacity 700#—V-belt drive, less motor.	300.00
poller-5 h.p. Dutton-gas fired-used, good condition-100 wr. ASME code	125.00
Air Condition Machine—Carrier—5 ton, air cooled, new	1400.00
spice Mill-Gump	50.00
Sleat Cutter-#3 Boss, 36" bowl with 20 hp. motor	450.00

Aaron Equipment Co.

Offices and Warehouse 1347 S. Ashland Ave., Chicago 8, III. CHEsapeake 5300

Meat Packers—Attention

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1947

Meat Fackers—Attention

708 Balle: 1-Hottmann #4 Mixer. 6002 ** capacity,
regimes 40 HP. jacketed trough; 1-Enterprise
2108 Meat Grinder, belt driven. 3-Mechanical
byses, 5'x12'; 1-Cast fron 2000 gallon jacketed
gfated kettle; 12-Stainless jacketed Kettles, 30,
40, 60, 80 gallons; 30-Aluminum jacketed Kettles,
2, 40, 60, 80, 106 gallon: 2-Alibright-Neil 4xb
Lad Roller; 1-Brecht 10002 ** Meat Mixer. Bend us
pur jaguiries.

inquiries.
WHAT HAVE YOU FOR SALE?
CONSOLIDATED PRODUCTS CO., INC.
14-19 Park Bow, New York City, N. Y.

TRUCK REFRIGERATING UNITS: Thermo-King models CTA, completely automatic, self-contained free gas units each driven by a gasoline engine. Unit fix trailers having about 30° clear space shere drivers' cab and fix through a 25° square blee near the ceiling in front end of trailer. Will maintain 35-0° temp, indefinitely in largest trailer lower in smaller bodies) at only a few cents cost per box for gas and oil. We have 4 brand-new units available and have good reason for not using onestres.

PS-505, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

FOR SALE: 2 Bliss model RFA top scalers with power lift 33" arm. 56 steel Grame meat trucks which are 56" high x 42" long x 29" wide. They have two 5" casters on the front and two 4" casters on the back. Cudahy Brothers Co., Cudahy, Wisc.

HELP WANTED

Unusual Opportunity for a Top-Notch Seasoning Salesman

We will consider a partnership in our established plant, manufacturing concentrated seasonings, emulsifiers and cures, one who can show volume sales and know-how performance in this field. Your qualification represents your cash investment. A splendid opportunity awaits the right salesman. Your replies will be held strictly confidential.

THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER W-164,

407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

PLANTS FOR SALE

FLORIDA EAST COAST. Small plant now in operation. About 5 M feet, on well elevated ground floor. Concrete construction, very best materials and workmanship, two years old. Completely equipped, everything modern. Four coolers, sharp freeser, carring room, ample killing floors with electric holsts. Concrete smokehouses, completely colorises, considered to the construction of the coolers and pens, two acres of land with additional pasture available. City or state inspection. Easy capacity 50-100 cattle, 100-300 hogs, 50-100 caives, 2-6 M pounds sausage weekly. Plenty room for additional jobbing business. Established in 1917. Must sell on account of poor health. Plant and equipment cost about \$70.000 two years ago. Will sell outright for \$40,000 with very liberal terms, or will sell one-half interest to party capable of taking complete charge and management. Will assist buyer for a few weeks to get organised. Write Riverside Packing Company, Allandale, Daytona Beach, Florida.

New meat packing plant, 45 miles from Kansas City in heart of feeding belt. Ample livestock to supply all needs. On 45 acres of land with running stream, on main line of Santa Fe railroad running to East and West Coasts. Plant all new modera construction, BAI approved, practically completed and can be put in operation in two weeks. Plant capacity 400 hogs and 89 cattle daily, has two complete chill rooms, cutting and processing room, sewage disposal plant, own water supply. Will lease or sell at 50% down and balance on terms. FS-151, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Illinois.

FOR SALE: Slaughter and almost fully equipped canning plant. Acreage, barn, livestock pens. re-modeled house. Located 23 miles from Buffalo, New York. For details write R. A. Sammarco, RFD #2, Knapp Road, Akron, New York.

POSITION WANTED

PACKINGHOUSE EXECUTIVE: All-round experience. Excellent second man to small plant owner. Full knowledge of operating, slaughtering, processing, packaging, selling, Expert on costs, handling help. Available shortly. W-154, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 740 Lexington Ave., New York 22, N. Y.

PLANT SUPERINTENDENT: Experienced practical general plant superintendent all operating departments, beef, hog, slaughtering, cutting, processing, sausage manufacturing, rendering, byroducis, etc. Qualified in handling labor. Also can be seen any tests. W-156 THE NATIWAL ROYSIONER, 467 8. Bearborn St., Ohicago S.

EXPERT SAUSAGE MAKER: Are you having trouble with sausage? Have it checked by an expert who can analyze and advise you. Immediate results. W-165, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, III.

NORTHWEST SALESMAN with five years' ex-perience is looking for position as casing sales-man. W-159, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

SAUSAGE MAKER: Desires position. Now available. Experienced. Will give references. Honest, dependable, sober. Bob Owen, R. 3, Arkansas City, Kanasa, Phone 16-N-21.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Livestock Buyers and Sellers

Essential "Pocket Calculator" giving live and dressed carcass costs of cattle, sheep and hogs. Postpaid \$1.

M & M Publishing Co., P.O. Box 6669 Los Angeles 22, Calif.

HOG . CATTLE . SHEEP SAUSAGE CASINGS ANIMAL GLANDS

Selling Agent . Order Buyer Broker • Counsellor • Exporter • Importer

SAMI S. SVENDSEN

407 SO. DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO 5, ILL

ADDITIONAL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING ON PAGE 52

WATCH THIS COLUMN FOR WEEKLY SPECIALS

Barliant and Co. list below some of their curre-machinery and equipment offerings, for an available for prompt shipment unless otherwi-stated, at prices queted F.O.B. shipping point subject to prior sale,

Write for Our Weekly Bulletins.

Killing and Cutting Floor Equipment

695.00 THOU INCLUSIC, Standard, extession chains, ea.

1-DRESSING FLOOR HOIST, NEW Robbins & Myers, 1290 cap., 44 speed, type HW1, 3 HP motor.

MEAT BLOCKS available, New, all sizes please wire, write, or phone for de 575.00

tails.
-BONING TABLE, Stainless Steel, 4x9 Stockinettes, Tubing, Shrouds

BEEF SHROUDS, NEW (4000), it. ut., 50°x40". Ea.
BEEF SHROUDS, NEW, Eagle Beef Secur-Edge, heavy duty, 90°x40", each. 38; 108°x40", each. BURLAP, NEW, medium weight, 40"—7½ oz., 1000-2000 yd. bales, 100 yd. rolls. Per yd. .65 1.06 18%

Rendering and Lard Equipment

COMPLETE UNIT of the following rea-dering equipment: Cooker, Lanbs, 5x 10, with motor: Hydraulic Press, Anco 150 ton, complete with pump, Rotary Dupps Crusher #14, 25 HP motor; Barometric Condenser & Vacu-um pump, little used, like New..... (Above items may, also be purchased separately) separately) COOKER, NEW, 4'x10', 20 HP inter -CÓOKER, NEW, 4'x10', 20 HP internal pressure
-COOKER, NEW, never used, dry rendering, 4x7, with 10 HP motor, starter, drive, By-Pass Assembly.
-EXPELLER, RB, rewound 20 HP motor, extra stator, drag and magnetic separator, spare parts.
-EXPELLER, Anderson £1, tempering apparatus, 15 HP motor, excel. cend., many New parts.
-TRANSPORTEE (Blow Tank), NEW, original crates, £20 Yeoman-Globe, complete with valves, fittings, stand, compressor, 7% HP motor, controls.
-HYDRAULIO PRESS, 150 ton, 3 HP motor driven pump, reconditioned & guaranteed

2,775.00 guaranteed ROTARY CRUSHER, Rujak #14, 1" teeth, V-belts, 25 HP motor, starter 1,390,00 2,385.00

teeth, v-Detts, 35 h.

EKETTLE, Globe #463, steam-jacketed, with motor driven agitator, size
5, specially reduced to.

LARD COOLER, Globe #466, jacketed,
motor driven agitator, size 2, specially 650.00 635 00 50.00

motor driven agitator, size 2, specially 1—SETTLING TANK, Globe #468, size 4, reduced to. 1—GREASE HANDLING PUMP, Globe #470, type T, size 1-T, 1 HP motor, reduced to.

Sausage Equipment 547.40 500.00

4,400,00 745.00

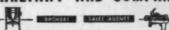
scale, jack Entic Conveyor, a resolid, excel. cosd.

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